

BIG DEMAND FOR LANDS IN COUNTY

People From Illinois and Indiana Purchase Tracts Near Harshaw

The past week has seen a good many land seekers in Rhinelander, mostly from Illinois and Indiana. Louis J. Albert of Plover City, Illinois, J. Kilvington and R. Downing of Somonauk, Ill., A. F. Roberts and G. F. Fox of Fairbairns, Ind., and Ira Yelton of Shelbyville, Ind., were all here, examining lands near Harshaw, and purchased quite extensively, and have also gone home with a feeling that the half has never been told of Oneida county, and will spread the good news. The fact that in the neighborhood where these people live land is worth from \$150.00 to \$250.00 per acre, has made them think that our offerings of land at ten dollars must have something the matter with them, but these gentlemen have decided that Oneida county is ALL RIGHT.

A rather laughable affair occurred in the case of a young man by the name of Crabb from an Illinois town. Mr. Crabb had evidently been reading magazine articles of how easy it is for a salaried man to jump out and take up farming, so after considerable correspondence with C. P. Crosby, Mr. Crabb landed at Harshaw the other day. His first sight of the place was so disappointing that he frantically tried to climb back into the train, but this was under motion and the vestibules closed so he had to stay there several hours. He refused to go out of sight of the railroad track for fear of getting lost and refused to go out to Horseshoe Lake and spend the night at the cottage. "No, No," he cried, "you cannot kidnap me. Ho, for Chicago on the first train," and he "hoed" away on the evening train. Mr. Crabb will tell his admiring family how he escaped by the skin of his teeth, from all kinds of horrors. The fact is that this county does not want that kind of a settler, weak of physique, soft handed, used to all the comforts of a flat, and of getting his salary every week or month. He would be a detriment to us. But take a man that is accustomed to real work, he cannot find a place in the broad land where he can get a home quicker or more readily than right here.

LOCAL LUMBER MARKET

Trade In Hardwoods Is Irregular At Present Time

Trade in hardwoods in Rhinelander and vicinity is irregular. One week there may be a good run of orders and the next week not much of anything says the local correspondent in the American Lumberman. The trade is optimistic and visitors to C. P. Crosby's office asking "How is trade?" are generally told "good. Birch, hard maple, soft elm, rock elm, basswood, soft maple and white pine in demand about as enumerated. More than 50 per cent of Wisconsin hardwoods is birch."

Interior finish factories have been quiet but are buying again to some extent. The furniture factories are also showing some interest in business matters. Traveling men report that consuming industries are low in stocks and must begin to buy shortly. The bottom has been reached in both the matter of price and demand and the next movement must be upward. Were it not for the usual unsettled conditions that precede a presidential election it would be safe to predict a shortly advancing market.

TWO NEW LION CUBS

The menagerie of the Gollmar Brothers' circus was increased at Ashland Saturday by the arrival of two baby lions.

TO ABOLISH OFFICE

Supervisor of Assessments No More After January 1.

After the first Monday in January 1912, the office of county supervisor of assessment will be no more. The legislature at its last session passed the famous income tax measure, and one of the provisions of that law is that the office be abolished on the above date and a new office created, to be known as the supervisor of incomes.

The officer will be appointed by the tax commission instead of by the county board as at present. Under the new law the state is divided into assessment districts. Officials to take charge of the work in each district will be named by the commission at least 30 days prior to Jan. 1, 1912, and the officers will remain in their places for three years. The salary and expenses are not to exceed five cents for every \$1000 of valuation of all property as fixed by the tax commission the preceding year.

The supervisor holding office when the new law goes into effect will have the preference in the appointments, except where several small counties are put into one district.

ITALIANS AGAIN IN WAUSAU JAIL

Imperio and Roberti Sent Back To Marathon County For Safe Keeping

Phillip Roberti and Tony Imperio, the two Italians who were bound over for trial at Eagle River last week on the charge of murdering Sheriff John Radcliffe, were removed Monday from the Vilas county jail to the jail at Wausau.

The transfer was made upon petition of the prisoners' attorneys who filed affidavits with Judge Reid that the men were in danger of meeting with bodily harm while inmates of the Eagle River jail. An order for their removal was issued by the court.

It is understood that there is still intense feeling against the Italians at Eagle River and it was feared that an outbreak might be made against them at any time.

Reports from Wausau state that arguments will shortly be made for the admittance of Roberti and Imperio to bail, and if such is granted they will have no difficulty in furnishing a cash bond for any amount.

Italians from all parts of the United States are taking interest in their case and every day they receive letters containing offers of help. They will probably have no trouble in obtaining plenty of funds with which to fight their case.

Fearing that a jail delivery was being planned four Italians, who remained about Wausau before the prisoners were taken to Eagle River, were ordered to leave that city by the police.

AN OLD MAIL CARRIER

Frank J. Blood spent part of the last week in this city visiting at the home of J. G. Dunn.

Mr. Blood is in point of service the oldest mail carrier in the city of Stevens Point, having been on one route for over nineteen years. He was raised in Stevens Point and perhaps has a larger acquaintance there than any other resident. Aside from making an efficient employee for Uncle Sam he holds office in several lodges and is secretary of the school board. Mr. Blood has numerous friends in Rhinelander and while here devoted much of his time at hand shaking.

MISSION FESTIVAL

Next Sunday, Aug. 13 is the date of the annual mission festival of the German Lutheran church. The festival will be held at Keenan's park if the weather is favorable and if not at Denton & Langlois' hall.

EXCELLENT CROPS IN THIS SECTION

Milwaukee Men Express Surprise At Conditions Which Exist Here

When Peter Coogan, Theodore Richter, and John Maglitsch, who were in Rhinelander and Oneida county on business last week, return to Milwaukee they gave a glowing account to the newspapers regarding the crop conditions in this territory.

They were surprised to see better crops in sections of Oneida and Vilas counties than they visited, than can be seen anywhere in southern Wisconsin. Upper Wisconsin has had plenty of rain, and as a result, wheat wherever grown, will yield heavily and the quality was equal to anything grown in the famous Red River valley. Oats in many localities, will yield as heavy as seventy-five bushels an acre. Barley will yield well. Potatoes are exceptionally fine crop, and the yield is expected to be from 125 to 300 bushels per acre. Vegetables of all kinds are excellent, and the yields will be immense. As an example of what the potato crop will be, one hill of potatoes that was pulled up, they being of a late variety, showed as many as twenty-six potatoes that will develop to marketable size. Talking with farmers they said that twenty-six marketable potatoes, from one hill, was nothing unusual. In many localities with fine clover and timothy growing wild, did the farmers in Southern Wisconsin have as good a crop on their fields, they would be very well satisfied.

Upper Wisconsin well deserves the name of "Grass Land," for everywhere on the trip, hay of fine quality was going to waste.

So far as fruit is concerned, raspberries, blueberries, blackberries are to be seen along the road in abundance, which all goes to prove the fertility of the soil in Wisconsin.

EXTENDS ITS SERVICE

American Express Co., Now Delivers TO ALL THE CITY

Commencing August 1st the American Express Company extended its delivery limits here to cover the entire city of Rhinelander. One delivery will be made each day through the outskirts of the city.

This new service was installed through the efforts of the company's local agent, Warren V. Reed, who has long felt the necessity for such delivery. Previous to this time the American Express Company's wagon service here to as far north as Robertson's store, east to Matt Stapleton's residence and west to the paper mill. The whole south side has always been covered, but the west side, known as Log Town, has not been accommodated.

3 LAKES DEFEAT HACKLEY

Three Lakes defeated Hackley at Eagle River, Sunday, Aug. 6th, by the score of 3 and 2. Davis, the pitcher for Hackley, allowing 3 hits and Radolph, a Chicago semi-professional player recently signed by Three Lakes, allowing Hackley only one hit. The game was played at Eagle River on neutral grounds, in order to decide a tie between the two teams.

The score:—
Three Lakes 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—3
Hackley 0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—2

MCKEY VICTIM'S NAME

While at Trout Lake this week, D. H. Vaughan learned from his son, Chas. Vaughan, that the man who was killed by a Northwestern train near Sault, two weeks ago was Herman McKay.

McKay was in the employ of Chas. Vaughan and quit work the night before he met his death, which time Mr. Vaughan paid him his wages amounting to \$21.34. Nothing can be ascertained concerning McKay's relatives or place of residence.

TEACH HOME MAKING

A. F. Netzel Is Forming Economics Clubs In City

A. F. Netzel is here working under the auspices of the American school of Home Economics of Chicago to organize home economics clubs. Home economics clubs have as their sole duty the task of practical home making and practical home making is taught in four departments.

1. Household management.
2. Chemistry of the household.
3. Principles of cookery.
4. The home care of the sick.

Wisconsin is one of the first northwestern states where the school is undertaking a campaign. The first state to take up home economics was Indiana, where Mrs. Olaf Guldberg of Fort Wayne, national president of home economics work, conducted a successful campaign.

If women were trained in domestic science there would come an end to the white slave problem; there would be less use of schools for the blind. All the great problems of women would be eliminated. The question of domestic help would be solved. The thing that awes the girl that is about to be married is the prospect of doing her own housework. She hesitates to marry a man who cannot give her a maid. But most any girl would be willing to do her work, even to the washing if she had been taught the art of housework.

After a few members have been enlisted the state organizer will be here to complete the work.

DISMISSES CASE AGAINST TRIPP

Judge Walker Finds Evidence Not Sufficient To Hold Sugar Camp Man

The hearing of F. R. Tripp, charged with arson, came to an end in Judge Walker's court Saturday after consuming the better part of three days and resulted in the dismissal of the defendant.

In the opinion of the court there was given no evidence upon which Mr. Tripp could be held. Many witnesses for the state testified at the examination but they failed to disclose anything of a damaging nature against the accused.

At the conclusion of the testimony Attorney E. D. Minahan for the defendant, and District Attorney Fricke presented arguments after which the case was thrown dismissed.

SOME "MUSKY" THIS

Issie Cohen purchased a muskallonge Tuesday that weighed thirty pounds and four ounces. The big fish was a perfect specimen and was admired by a large number of people at Nelson's grocery store where it was on exhibition Tuesday forenoon. It was caught in the Wisconsin river north of this city by two tourists from Racine. Issie shipped the prize to Dr. Oviatt at Oshkosh.

BIG POLISH WEDDING

Rev. Father Raczkaszewski was at Jennings Tuesday and performed the ceremony which joined in matrimony Miss Pelagia Starczynski and Victor Lisinski, two popular young Polish people of that village.

The wedding was a big social affair in Polish circles there and was attended by over one hundred people. Dancing and feasting were features of the day.

TOO MUCH BOOZE

An unknown woodsman well loaded with liquor, came near dying from whiskey fits at Malvern, Friday. Dr. Garner and Sheriff Crofoot were called to care for the fellow, who after receiving proper medicine, began to revive. Within a few hours he was strong enough to board a passing freight train for the south.

SCHOOL BOARD MEMBERS MEET

Convention Will Be Held In This City On Friday, August 18th

The school board convention of Oneida County will meet at the high school building, Rhinelander, Wis., Friday, August 18th.

All school board members in the county superintendent's jurisdiction are required by law to be present.

The morning session begins at 10:30 and the afternoon session at 1:30. All teachers under the supervision of the county superintendent are invited to join with the school board members at this meeting.

The following is the program: Organization—By County Superintendent.

The County Superintendency—By State Rural School Inspector, W. E. Larson.

Agriculture in The Training School—By Principal Dresden.

New Laws of 1911—By A Member of State Supt's Office.

Relations of School Secretaries and Clerks to the County Superintendent—By Supt. F. A. Lowell.

VISITING OLD FRIENDS

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. W. Ulrich, arrived Saturday from Oshkosh and will remain three weeks the guests of his brother, Judge and Mrs. Francis Ulrich in the town of Pine Lake and of Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Sturdevant at "Green Gables" cottage in the town of Sugar Camp.

When Rhinelander was yet in its infancy Mr. Ulrich was employed as printer in the New North office and has a large number of friends among the old residents of the town. He has for many years been in charge of the mechanical department of the Oshkosh Daily Northwestern.

LANDS A BIG ONE

Wm. Burmeister, "the Chicago fat boy," was one of the happiest fishermen in northern Wisconsin a few days ago, when he captured a muskallonge that weighed 32 pounds in one of the Flambeau lakes. The monster put up a wicked battle, but Mr. Burmeister was there like the good sport he is and succeeded in catching the prize without any help. Every man in the reservation village smoked choice Havanas that day at Mr. Burmeister's expense. He is a guest at James Olmstead's resort.

DISPLAY FROM COUNTY

Farmers Will Have Exhibit at the State Fair

In order that Oneida county may have a creditable exhibit at the state fair at Milwaukee, Sept. 12 to 16, the farmers of the county are requested by Arthur Taylor, secretary of the Oneida County Agricultural Association, to contribute what they can in the line of produce toward such a display.

Nothing will advertise this county more effectively among the people of this and neighboring states than a good exhibit at the state fair. It is to the advantage of everyone to take an interest in the movement.

In the next issue there will appear a notice stating where and when contributions to the exhibit can be left.

HELPS GIRLS AND BOYS

Andrew Olsen is entertaining his brother, Iver Olsen of Chicago. Mr. Olsen was for many years president of the Scandinavian Y. M. C. A. of Chicago and is now general secretary of the association. The gentleman is doing a great deal of good in helping the young Scandinavian girls and boys of that city to lead upright, christian lives.

IS ASKED TO RETURN

At the quarterly conference of the M. E. church in this city Tuesday evening Rev. Clemans, the pastor, was urgently requested to remain here for another year. This mark of appreciation of Rev. Clemans' services was most gratifying to him.

FIND WELCH'S BODY

Corpse of Murdered Man In Swamp Near Neopit

The body of Henry Welch, who was employed in the government service on the Keshena Indian reservation at Neopit, was found Friday in a swamp near that village. Welch disappeared last November and is believed to have been murdered.

Welch left the lumber camp at that time and no word had been heard from him since.

A pay check for October and one for November, which were made out payable to Welch, were cashed, one in Chicago and the other in Merrill. A bullet hole was found in the man's side and it is supposed that he was murdered, his checks taken from him and then his body thrown in the swamp by the murderer.

When found, the body was so decomposed that it was almost impossible to move it. The men however, recognized the man as Welch and notified the Depeere authorities.

Welch was about 45 years old and had a wife, but he had not been living with her.

CARNIVAL CLOSES SATURDAY NIGHT

Weeks Festivities Come To An End And Company Goes To Antigo

Quietude prevails in the sixth ward this week and the bee rasp voices of the barkers are but a memory for the Barkoot Amusement company closed its week's carnival, last Saturday night, and departed Sunday forenoon for Antigo.

While the carnival was not a financial success for the Oneida County Fair association under whose auspices the attraction was held, it nevertheless furnished "bushels of fun" for hundreds of people, both young and old. All of the amusement features on the grounds were a high class and patrons went away with the feeling that they had received their money's worth.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights were devoted to confetti throwing and other forms of gaiety by the crowds. These were the three big nights of the carnival and the merry-makers enjoyed themselves to the utmost.

While the fair association had engaged special police to guard against possible violations by members of the Barkoot company, it is to be regretted that the only acts of rowdiness and lawlessness committed on the grounds were by Rhinelander citizens. Some of these were the throwing of confetti mixed with snuff, squirting of seltzer water in people's faces and the carrying of live snakes to frighten women and children.

The Barkoot company is doing an excellent business at Antigo this week.

M. E. BASKET PICNIC

The Methodist Sunday School and church will hold a basket picnic at Lake Julia, Thursday Aug. 17.

Conveyances will be provided for small children and the aged. A stand will be operated selling refreshments at cost. Games and contests of various kinds will be introduced.

MILITARY BALL

The boys of Company L will give a grand military ball at the Armory, Tuesday, evening, August 15. The committee on arrangements is working hard to make this dance a success and it promises to be such. The music will be furnished by the Military orchestra. 75 cents per couple.

SWEDISH LUTHERAN NEWS

The Lutheran League will hold a reunion in the Scandinavian Hall next Saturday evening, Aug. 12, at 8 o'clock.

A splendid program will be rendered after which refreshments will be served.

Unusual Bargains in Ladies' Ready to Wear Garments

You can have your unrestricted choice of all our Summer Coats, Suits, Shirt Waists and Skirts at greatly reduced prices.

\$5.00 Wash Suits Now \$3.39

Commencing August 12 and all through the rest of the week until Saturday, August 19th, we will put on sale a beautiful line of wash suits that are made from fancy striped ducking in black and white and blue and white and other combination colors that are very popular this season. Just the thing for women to wear this time of the year. A forceful bargain not to be passed up. Come in and look them over.

The best \$5.00 values in ladies' apparel, now.....**\$3.39**

DAVID JACOBSON

The Largest Dry Goods Store in Rhinelander, Wis.

EVENTS OF WEEK IN OTHER TOWNS

Items of More or Less Importance Boiled Down From Neighboring Exchanges

Washburn—

The city of Washburn streets are to be lighted again after having been in darkness for almost three years the council and the lighting company having come together on a proposition, and at a meeting of the council here some time ago the system was ordered installed. The necessary equipment for the city substation has arrived and as soon as it can be placed the lighting service will be resumed, the lights having been installed some time previous.

Tomahawk—

The annual Tomahawk fruit and vegetable exhibit under the direction of the Standard Mercantile company will be held on Sept. 7, 8, and 9 in a larger and more elaborate scale than ever before attempted. Arrangements have been made with the Wisconsin Bureau of Immigration through which all exhibits at the local fair will be shown at the state fair in connection with a special display advertising the resources of northern Wisconsin. For this reason farmers of the vicinity are taking more than ordinary interest in the event.

Gladstone—

Arrangements were completed for Gladstone's big two day Labor Day celebration at a meeting of citizens and business men. Many interesting attractions have been booked up for the occasion. Two outside bands in breathing distance. What can be

have been engaged, the Norrie band of Ironwood and the Ishpeming band. This celebration promises to be the greatest thing of its kind ever attempted in this part of Michigan in many years and plans have been made to entertain large numbers of visitors.

Superior—

Mayor Frank R. Crumpton, Attorney S. L. Perrin and Sol Stock, an enumerator in the last census, have been arrested on warrants based in the indictments found in Eau Claire in connection with the federal probe of alleged frauds in the taking of the census here. The accused men were taken before United States Court Commissioner Phil H. Perkins and each gave bonds of \$2,500 to appear for trial at the September term of court.

Hurley—

The first steps toward bettering the moral conditions of this city were taken a few days ago when Sheriff Whiteside and his deputies raided the resort known as "Jack's Place" and arrested the proprietor, Anton Brighenti, and two female inmates. All three were arraigned in municipal court and their hearing set for August 11. A close watch is being kept on other houses of questionable character in the city and it is expected that more raids will follow. The officers are going to clean-up Hurley if possible.

Ladysmith—

Reports have it that the blueberries in the marshes near Conrath are of a poison variety and that from eating the same many people have had narrow escapes from death. Three men are said to have been picked up for dead, but upon the administration of antidotes they recovered. It is stated that a peculiar odor comes from the mouths of the berries and business men. Many interesting attractions have been booked up for the occasion. Two outside bands in breathing distance. What can be

wrong with the berries is a puzzle. Marinette—

The main river drive of the Merominee River Dredge company was completed Sunday night and the last of 62,000,000 feet of logs was successfully floated to the pond above the scaling gap. The drive began May 21. High water for a time made it an easy job, but low water later made the going hard. For four years over 6,000,000 feet of logs belonging to various companies have been run up on Pine creek. The indications are now that these logs will be backed down to the Twin cities this year. That stream is now being driven and the drivers expect to successfully float the logs into the main river. Waupaca—

The scare that some portions of the state have suffered because of reported certainty of a distressedly pinched yield in the potato belt, including Waupaca and Portage counties, is not well founded. The season has not been as dry in the two counties as last season was, and the recent rains have rendered it certain that the potato yield in the two counties will be immense and that the quality will be superior to that of last year, for the reason that the potatoes will have an opportunity to ripen much better than they did in 1910.

Barron—

Saturday night, fire of unknown origin completely destroyed the big flour mill of the Northwestern Flour & Grain company, together with the elevator and the power house of the Chetek Light & Power company at Chetek. It was with great difficulty that the dam was saved. The loss is nearly \$50,000, partially covered by insurance. It is likely that the mill will be rebuilt.

Ashland—

Mayor Dodd has been advised by the university board of regents that they have decided to establish the proposed experiment farm in connection with the agricultural college of the university on a site to be donated by Ashland and Bayfield counties. This farm has been sought by many cities in the northern part of the state.

NOTICE FOR BIDS

City Clerk's Office,
City of Rhinelander,

Sealed bids will be received by the undersigned up to the hour of 2 P. M. Aug. 28th, 1911, for the furnishing of all materials and the laying of an 8 inch sewer on Alban St. from the junction of Alban and Thayer St. south to connect with sewer at junction of Mason and Alban street.

Said work to be done according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the City Clerk, and the Contractor will also be required to place the street upon completion of the contract in as good condition as at present time.

A certified check in the amount of 10 per cent of the bid is required to accompany each bid as a guaranty of good faith on the part of the bidder. The Board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Dated Aug. 7, 1911.
By order of the Council,
GUST SWEDBERG, City Clerk.

STORM HURTS CROPS

The farmers south of Conover suffered quite a loss from the hail storm this week. The grain was badly that sweep that locality the first of in the Pioneer lake district, southward out, the garden vegetables were nearly destroyed and other damage was done; the hail stones were larger than Hickory nuts—Eagle River Review.

PLEASED WITH CITY

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Davids of Weyauwega were guests Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Dennis. This was their first visit to Rhinelander and they were very much pleased with the city and the people. Mr. Davids said that the court house and city hall would be a credit to a city of 10 times the population of Rhinelander. He also was surprised to see such fine streets and cement walks.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

A 100 pound sack of R. D. Flour for the best loaf of bread made from R. D. flour exhibited at Oneida county fair.

Goldberg's, Phone 156.

WANTED—Local and traveling sales men representing our reliable goods. Any man of good appearance who is not afraid of work can make this a satisfactory and permanent business. Write at once for terms. Outfit free. Territory unlimited. Big money can be made. Apply quick.

ALLEN HUBBERT CO., ROCHESTER, N.Y.
O-2220

NATURE TELLS YOU

Many a Rhinelander Reader Knows Too Well When the kidneys are sick. Nature tells you all about it. The urine is nature's index. Infrequent or too frequent passage. Any urinary trouble tells of kidney ills. Doan's Kidney Pills are for the kidneys only.

Rhinelander people testify. Mrs. Frank Polebitski, 134 E. Mercer St., Rhinelander, Wis., says: "I have found Doan's Kidney Pills to be an excellent kidney medicine and I advise their use in all cases of kidney trouble. My back ached constantly and there were pains across my loins, caused by disordered kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills were secured from Reardon's Drug Store and I am glad to make the fact known that they gave me great relief."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

NOTICE

The following resolution was duly adopted and ordered published at the last meeting of the Common Council of the City of Rhinelander.

Resolved by the Mayor and Common Council of the City of Rhinelander, That the City Clerk publish notice for one week requesting all property owners to so trim their shade trees extending over public sidewalks in said city that no branches shall remain nearer than 7 feet to said sidewalks, and that upon the failure of owners to so trim, said trees within 10 days from the date of said notice the said trees will be trimmed under the direction of the Board of Public Works.

Resolved further that the Board of Public Works be and they are hereby authorized and directed to carry out the provisions of this resolution.

Passed, August 1st, 1911.
(Attest) GUST SWEDBERG,
City Clerk.

Dated August 7th, 1911.

Our Specialty During the Hot Summer Months is

Ice Cream

Either by the Gallon or Pints and Quarts

Make it a point to call at the milk depot when in need of Ice Cream.

We have established a reputation for our cream, no other has the smoothness and body that our's possesses. We use no cheapening materials. Nothing but pure sweet cream delivered to us daily by Oneida county farmers.

Orders taken for fancy cream, bulk or brick, any flavor or combination of flavors Ices and sherbets. Picnic Parties, Socials, Etc.,

given prompt attention

Save your order for

Rhinelander Creamery & Produce Co.

FARMERS

Improve your land, money used in this manner is an absolutely safe investment and will bring you a good rate of interest. Did you ever stop to think how much your earnings would be increased if the rest of your land was improved? Why use the money earned by your improved land to support the idle, unimproved land? Why not make each part do its share?

If you need a little money to clear more land or to build your new buildings write us. We make a specialty of long time loans on farm security.

HARDY & RYAN, Waukesha, Wis.

Write, call or phone our local representative B. L. HERR, Rhinelander, Wis.

INDUSTRIAL SHOW TO EXPLOIT WISCONSIN

Arrangements Practically Completed for Great Exposition to be Held in Milwaukee Auditorium, September 2 to 12, Inclusive—Formal Opening Will be Made by Secretary Charles Nagel of the Department of Commerce and Labor.

Milwaukee, Wis.—(Special)—Arrangements now practically completed for the Industrial Exposition to be held in the Milwaukee Auditorium, September 2-12 indicate that the affair will be the largest of its kind ever held in the United States. The entertainment committee will work in connection with the information bureau in providing accommodation for thousands of out of town guests, not only from Wisconsin but from the whole middle western section of the country. One million "stickers" and 15,000 posters are heralding the supremacy of Wisconsin made goods in all parts of the country.

The Exposition will be formally opened on the night of September 2 by Charles Nagel, secretary of the department of commerce and labor at Washington. Other addresses will be made by Gov. Francis E. McGovern, Mayor Emil Seidel and Gen. Otto Faly, president of the Merchants and Manufacturers' association, under whose auspices the show is being held. Preceding the opening ceremonies there will be a military and industrial pageant, through the downtown streets, ending at the Auditorium, where a display of fireworks and the discharge of cannon will announce the opening of the show.

The exhibits will occupy the entire Auditorium, including main arena and annex, and will represent more than 1,000 varied branches of industry. Many manufacturers will present "working" exhibits, showing the various processes through which their products go before completion. The breweries will exhibit machinery for all the operations from malting to bottling that go into the making of beer. Cigar factories will transfer their men to the Auditorium during the show and manufacture their goods in plain sight of the visitors. Ice cream will be made in the building by the most modern ammonia refrigeration methods. The trade schools, home for the blind, and other institutions will be represented. The army and navy, departments of the federal government have already shipped exhibits that have been shown only at large expositions here and in foreign countries.

The decorative and amusement features are the most elaborate ever planned for an exposition in the Auditorium. Hundreds of tall columns separating the booths will be topped with soft tinted cluster lights and connected with floral arcades. A fifty piece military band, an orchestra and a large pipe organ will furnish musical entertainment.

HAY FEVER, ASTHMA AND SUMMER COLDS

Must be relieved quickly and Foley's Honey and Tar Compound will do it. E. M. Stewart, 1034 Wolfram St., Chicago writes: "I have been greatly troubled during the hot summer months with Hay Fever and find that by using Foley's Honey and Tar Compound I get great relief." Many others who suffer similarly will be glad to benefit by Mr. Stewart's experience.

AIRSHIPS AT FAIR

James J. Nelson, Amherst, A. W. Frahn, Wausau and William MacLaren, Milwaukee, the special attraction committee of the fair, have engaged two of G. B. Curtis' aeroplanes for daily exhibitions during the fair. The committee is endeavoring to secure Lincoln Beachey, who recently flew over Niagara Falls, and J. A. D. McCurdy who flew from Key West to Havana. The contract for these aviators calls for three flights of not less than fifteen minutes duration, every afternoon, and that they will also cooperate with the military authorities in the war maneuvers on Saturday, September 16th, when detachments of artillery, cavalry and infantry from Ft. Sheridan and Ft. Snelling will battle with the three arms of the Wisconsin National Guard in the sham battle.

SEEMED TO GIVE HIM A NEW STOMACH

"I suffered intensely after eating and no medicine or treatment I tried seemed to do any good," writes H. M. Young, Editor of The Sun, Lake View, Ohio. "The first few doses of Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets gave me surprising relief and the second bottle seemed to give me a new stomach and perfectly good health." For sale by All Dealers.

H. L. Westgate
Physician and Surgeon
Rhinelander, Wis.

Rooms in Merchants State Bank Block.
Phone 393-4
Residence 120 Conro St. Phone 26 R. 2.

Albert Broulette
the
DECORATOR

Tremont House

Next to "Soo" Depot.

\$1.00 per day, \$4.50 per week

Best of Accommodations.

GUST. GUSTAFSON, Prop.
RHINELANDER - WISCONSIN

For The Best

In Our Line See

Adam Johnson

Dealer in

Staple and Fancy Groceries,
Hay, Flour and Feed

Compare
OUR PRICES
with others and we
will have your patronage.

DR. A. M. MCARTHUR

DENTIST

Successor to Dr. C. H. O'Connor

104 S. Stevens St. Rhinelander, Wis.

PAUL BROWNE,

Attorney at Law.

Collections Rhinelander W.

Miller & Reeves

Attorneys at Law.

Collections sharply looked after.
Office over National Bank.

DR. E. H. KEITH

Dental Parlors

Rooms over Beckson's Store

For Sale! Four Houses

One Cor. Kemp and Dorr.
Two on Kemp and Arbutus.
One on North Thayer St.

Will sell on easy terms as I am going to leave the city.
For particulars see
FRANK STIMART,
303 Kemp Street.

JNO. J. REMO

REAL ESTATE

Northern Wisconsin Lands
Rhinelander, Wis.

REGISTER

AUG. 14th to SEPT. 5th, 1911

AT

RYDER, PLAZA, From the Reservation 6 miles

GARRISON, 2 miles

MINOT or 16 miles

BISMARCK 30 miles

on 69 miles



FOR CHOICE OF HOMESTEADS
in the
FORT BERTHOLD INDIAN RESERVATION
BE FIRST

Send 2 CENTS for Illustrated Folders Describing the Country, to
W. R. CALLAWAY, 1111 Hennepin Ave.,
Minneapolis, Minnesota. Get Passenger Agent, See List

CRUSOE'S Dept. Store

HERE TO GREET YOU

Our magnificent Fall and Winter line of the latest styles and fabrics in women's handsome made-to-measure garments has just arrived. It is the most complete array of newest style creations ever shown, and it is well worth your time to call and examine.

Come and See These New Fall Styles

There are 72 latest fashions and over 232 guaranteed fabrics to choose from. And the American Ladies Tailoring Company of Chicago, whose exclusive representatives we are here, will tailor your selection to order for you faultlessly—assuring an absolute fit and perfect satisfaction in every way.

Don't miss this great array of Fashion's newest dictates. The prices are no higher than what you have been paying for most ready-mades—and a mere inspection will prove this to you.

American Beauty Corsets

Be sure to come to the corset sale—Friday, Saturday and Monday only, Aug. 11, 12, and 13. \$1.00 corsets 78c. \$1.50 corsets \$1.28. \$2.00 corsets \$1.68. \$2.50 corsets \$2.18. \$3.00 corsets \$2.58.

All American Beauty Corsets, latest models. 3 days only.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY ONLY, AUG. 12

Ten dozens ladies' mercerized bleached fine gauze summer vests, sizes 5 and 6, each 7c.

ART NEEDLEWORK DEPARTMENT

Special sale Saturday only, stamped white lingerie waist patterns with demonstrations in knot stitch and seed and coral stitches.

THE CITY IN BRIEF

J. Morey was down from Minocqua, Tuesday.

Mark Raymond came over from Tomahawk, Monday.

O. A. Kolden spent Tuesday transacting business at Ironwood.

Mrs. Frank Lambert left Tuesday for Mellen where she will visit a sister.

Oscar Jacobson and Ed. Horn went to Tomahawk Lake Monday to spend the week on a fishing trip.

E. N. Morrill, Thos. Gale and Geo. Gleason drove over from Bundy Saturday and attended the carnival.

Wm. Dunn, who is employed in M. Taggart's store at Pelican Lake, spent Sunday with his family here.

Mrs. Robert Young and children of Hurley visited this week at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Thos. O'Hare.

Cut rates on household goods to Pacific coast and other points. Superior service at reduced rates. The Boyd Transfer Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

Sam Walters of the town of Pellican announces that he will again be prepared to do threshing for farmers of the county this year. His threshing machine is in first class shape and he will manage to fill all orders as promptly as possible.

Do not allow your kidney and bladder trouble to develop beyond the reach of medicine. Take Foley Kidney Pills. They give quick results and stop irregularities with surprising promptness.

J. J. Reardon.

CATTLE

Stockers, Feeders, Milch Cows, Sheep.

Bought on commission. Time given to responsible parties. Why go East to buy, when they are produced in the West? Save freight one way by writing us today.

W. M. Campbell Comm. Co. So. St. Paul, Minn.

Bookkeeping Commercial Law Penmanship Arithmetic
Complete Your Business Education by a Course at the

Rhineland Business College

We place our Graduates
W. F. MERSCH, Mgr.

Fall Term Opens August 28

Students enrolling on or before August 26, receive a Discount of 5% from the regular rates.

Spelling, Grammar and Gregg System of Shorthand

CHICHESTER PILLS



SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Miss Hazel Hawkins is visiting at St. Paul and Red Wing.

Miss Norah Crusoe has returned from a visit at Marinette.

Miss Mabel Fiegl of Tomahawk Lake was in the city Tuesday.

Mrs. Chas. Crusoe of Flint, Mich., is a guest at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Crusoe.

Miss Marion Anderson, who was the guest of Miss Estella Didier for several days, returned to Milwaukee, Tuesday.

Sam Charleston departed Sunday night on his return to Texas after spending a couple of months with his mother in this city.

James Pries of Odanah was run over and killed by a Northwestern train near his home town Sunday.

C. G. Rogers of Ironwood and Ed. Clifford of Racine, two former Stevens Point boys, attended the baseball games here, Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Lou Larson, of the Kolder Store, is taking her annual two weeks vacation and will spend most of the time visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Larson at Lena.

Mrs. C. Erickson and little daughter, who spent the last two months with her sister, Mrs. Fred Perron in this city and with Plainfield relatives, left here Friday on their return to their home, Hilliard, Wash., a town near Spokane.

An ordinary case of diarrhoea can as a rule, be cured by a single dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. This remedy has no superior for bowel complaints.

For sale by All Dealers

Steve Aldrich of Three Lakes was in the city Friday.

Dr. and Mrs. Schiek spent Sunday at Moen's lakes.

Miss Anna Hazelton of Superior is visiting relatives and friends in the city.

Now is the time to buy 16 inch green wood. Brown Bros. Lbr. Co. 116-17

Mrs. John Carlson left Saturday for an extended visit with relatives at Fargo, N. D.

J. H. Tibbett, district superintendent, conducted quarterly conference at the M. E. church, Tuesday evening.

John McNish, who was at one time a resident of this city, spent Sunday renewing acquaintances here. He is now located at Sheboygan.

Al. Dunn left Monday morning on his return to Seattle, Wash. He was accompanied by Chas. Stevens who will remain a few days at St. Maries, Idaho, and may go to the coast.

Alex. McRae returned Sunday morning from a business trip of several weeks through the west. He was at Seattle, Portland and San Francisco.

Miss Margaret Plunkett, saleslady at Crusoe's Dept. store, leaves next Monday on a vacation of two weeks which she will spend at Hillsboro, Oconto and other places.

Mrs. Grace Darling, who has supervision of the home makers' school at the Stout Institute, Menomonie, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. B. Mack Dresden this week. She departed Tuesday for Milwaukee.

Sheriff Joe Spoerl, of Langlade county, whose friends are numerous in Rhineland, is somewhat of a skat player as shown by the fact that he won a cash prize of \$50 at the annual state skat tournament at Watertown.

More people, men and women, are suffering from kidney and bladder trouble than ever before, and each year more of them turn for quick relief and permanent benefit to Foley's Kidney Remedy, which has proven itself to be one of the most effective remedies for kidney and bladder ailments, that medical science has devised.

J. J. Reardon.

A she fly is said to lay three hundred and sixty-five billion nine hundred and eighty-four million one hundred and sixteen thousand three hundred and forty two eggs in a short summer season, and with that seeming strenuous engagement the old girl finds plenty of time to grease her toes in the butter, take a swim in the cream (milk will satisfy her if cream isn't handy), wallow about in all of the food and filth she can find and goes out on parade every afternoon on every bald head she can locate. Surely the life of the fly is a busy one, especially the she fly. Mesaba Ore.

FREE! FREE! FREE!

A 100 pound sack of R. D. flour for the best loaf of bread made from R. D. flour exhibited at Oshkosh county fair. Goldberg's Phone 156.

B. W. Todd of Milwaukee was in the city, Tuesday.

Mrs. W. F. Jamelson is visiting with her husband at St. Paul.

Mrs. H. Garner returned Friday from an outing at Tomahawk Lake.

Miss Paula Rosmark of Cleveland, Ohio, is the guest of her sisters in this city.

T. M. Bolger and Masters V. and E. Bolger of Minocqua were in the city Saturday.

Mrs. M. H. Thompson is the guest of her daughter, Mrs. Angus McDonald at Chicago.

Miss Ella Barrett of Antigo spent Sunday at the home of Fred Rheasume on Arbutus Street.

Miss Martha Soik has finished a six weeks course at the Stevens Point Normal school.

Mr. and Mrs. M. Taggart and Thom as Taggart were here from Pelican Lake Sunday to see the fall game.

Miss Hulga Swedberg, assistant librarian at the public library, is enjoying her vacation this week.

The wedding of Miss Leigh Yawkey of Wausau and A. P. Woodson of Kansas City takes place at Wausau August 15.

Miss Myrah Congdon returned Friday to her home at LaCrosse after spending two weeks with friends in the city.

Dr. S. G. Higgins returned Sunday night to Milwaukee after a two days visit with his sister, Mrs. Geo. Hilgerman.

Buy it now. Now is the time to buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is almost certain to be needed before the summer is over. This remedy has no superior. For sale by All Dealers.

J. P. Underwood, one of Rhineland's well known early day residents, was in the city Friday. The gentleman is heavily interested in timber lands in northern Wisconsin.

Cuts and bruises may be healed in about one-third the time required by the usual treatment by applying Chamberlain's Liniment. It is an antiseptic and causes such injuries to heal without maturation. This liniment also relieves soreness of the muscles and rheumatic pains. For sale by All Dealers.

The State Highway Commission at its meeting in Madison last week, decided to build a section of good roads on the fair grounds during fall week and the engineer of the department has been instructed to prepare this exhibit and a force of men will give practical demonstrations to farmers and roadmasters in surfacing, grading and leveling roads every day of fall week.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

Teachers' examinations will be held at Rhineland, High school, August 14th-15th, beginning each day at 9:00 A. M. The following order will be observed:

THIRD GRADE CERTIFICATE

August 14th, 9:00 A. M.

Composition and Grammar

Reading and Orthography

Physiology

1:30 P. M.

U. S. History

Civil Government

Mental Arithmetic

August 15th, 9:00 A. M.

Written Arithmetic

Geography

Agriculture

1:30 P. M.

Spelling

Manual

School management

FIRST AND SECOND GRADE CERTIFICATES

August 16th, 9:00 A. M.

Physical Geography 2nd.

Physics 1st.

1:30 P. M.

Library Methods 2nd.

Algebra 1st.

August 17th, 9:00 A. M.

Theory and Art 1st.

American Literature 2nd.

English History 1st.

1:30 P. M.

Composition 2nd.

English Literature 1st.

F. A. LOWELL

County Superintendent.

FARM FOR SALE

For sale, best real estate bargain in Oneida Co., 220 acres, 53 improved, 2 sets of buildings, 4 miles south of Rhineland; 1/4 mile to school, on mail route, 1200 cords of wood and some log timber, land at only \$16.00 per acre if taken by October first, a good investment on cheap home for somebody. For terms apply to A. SCHNEIDER, Rhineland, Wis. 1721-10

COMING TO RHINELANDER

NORTHWESTERN UNITED DOCTORS

Will be at Fuller House Friday, August 25—One Day Only

Remarkable Success of these Talented Physicians in the Treatment of Chronic Diseases

OFFER THE R SERVICES FREE OF CHARGE

The Northwestern United Doctors, licensed by the state for the treatment of deformities and all nervous and chronic diseases of men, women and children, offer to all who call on this trip, consultation, examination and advice free, making no charge whatever, except for the actual cost of medicine! All that is asked in return for these valuable services is that every person treated will state the result obtained to their friends and thus prove to the sick and afflicted in this locality, that at last treatments have been discovered that are absolutely sure and certain in their effect.

MANY WONDERFUL CURES

So great and wonderful have been their cures that in many cases it is hard indeed to find the dividing line between skill and miracle.

Diseases of the stomach, intestines, liver, blood, skin, nerves, heart, spleen, kidneys, or bladder, rheumatism, sciatica, diabetes, bed-wetting, leg, ulcers, weak lungs and those afflicted with long-standing deep-seated, chronic diseases, that have baffled the skill of the family physician, should not fail to call.

If you have kidney or bladder troubles bring a two-ounce bottle of your urine for chemical analysis and microscopic examination.

Deafness often cured in sixty days.

NOTHING IN THEIR TREATMENT THAT SOUNDS LIKE A KNIFE.

By their developed system, no more operations for appendicitis, gall stones, tumors, goiter, piles or cancer. They were among the first in America to earn the name of the "Bloodless Surgeons," by doing away with the knife, blood and pain in the successful treatment and cure of these dangerous diseases.

Their new treatment for cancer, tumor, tubercular glands, eating ulcers and other malignant growths is wonderful in its effect. A germ destroying fluid is injected hypodermically into the very heart of the growth until it reaches every root, fibre, cell and substance. One treatment in many cases is sufficient to cure.

No matter what your ailment may be, no matter what others may have told you, no matter what experience you may have had with other physicians, it will be to your advantage to see them. Have it forever settled in your mind. If your case is incurable they will give you such advice as may relieve you and stay the disease. Do not put off this duty you owe yourself, your friends and your relations, as a visit this time costs you nothing and may save your life.

Remember this free offer is for this trip only.

Hours 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Married ladies must come with their husbands and minors with such advice as may relieve you and their parents.

Attorney Wm. Fisher of Merrill was here on legal business, Tuesday.

1911 - WISCONSIN - 1911

STATE FAIR

MILWAUKEE, SEPT. 12-16

An Educational Exhibition of Agricultural Progress

A Mirror of Wisconsin's Greatness Picturing the

Best Efforts and Endeavors of the

University of Wisconsin

Cheese and Buttermakers Association

Dairy and Beef Cattle Breeders

Poultry and Pigeon Fanciers

Machinery and Farm Utilities Manufacturers

Fine Arts, Women's Work Education, Etc.

YOU MUST ENTERTAIN TO INSTRUCT

10 Bands of Music - Free Vaudeville

16 Trailing and Pacing Events

\$20,000 Prizes

THE PROGRESS OF AVIATION

Exhibitions by AEROPLANES, DIRIGIBLES AND HOT AIR BALLOONS in action at noon time.

And Many Other Features

LOW RATES ON ALL R. R.

ADMISSION 50 Cents

WANT C LUMN.

For Sale—First class boat cart.

\$4.00. Inquire of New North.

Lost—Fancy gold cross, on carnival grounds. Finder leave at this office.

For Sale—Blooded pigs two months. Write to Oscar Zemple, Enterprise, Wisconsin.

FOR SALE—Desirable residence property at 31 Anderson street. For further particulars inquire of Mrs. J. B. Goulette on premises.

For Sale—House, 14 rooms, near Soo depot at 421 Alban St. City.

For Sale—House, hardwood finish, modern improvements, hot water heat.

CHAS. NEUE.

For Sale—Bicycle. Inquire New North.

For Sale—House and lot 331 Dahl St. W. N. SMITH.

For Sale—Residence Property in all parts of the city.

Barnes-Weesner Agency.

For Sale—House and four lots, 621 Barnes St., East side.

O. S. DELAP.

For Rent—Six room house. Inquire at 310 Wabash Street, City.

FARMERS' INSTITUTES

Any farmer or public spirited business man in Wisconsin who wishes to secure an institute for his locality during the winter of 1911-1912 should send for a blank petition and letter of information.

Geo. McKerrow Supt. Madison, Wis.

TURTLE SOUP

The huge snapping turtle that was on exhibition at Wm. Daniel's place of business, last week, was slaughtered Friday and converted into delicious soup which was served Saturday night at the Brunswick restaurant. Mr. Price, chef at the Brunswick, is an expert at preparing this delicacy as all who partook of the same can testify.

F. C. Barnhart, of the Milwaukee Drug Company, called on his customers here Friday and Saturday and also joined with the confetti throwers at the carnival.

CLEARING SALE

Starting Saturday, August 12, and will continue throughout the month

We are closing out all our Trimmed and Untrimmed Hats for LESS THEN COST. So as to make room for our Winter Millinery.

This is our Mid-Summer Stock and is a great opportunity for you to get a right chick nobby hat cheap.

Trimmed hats that sold for \$12.00 to \$15.00 now \$7.50
" " " " " \$9.50 to \$10.00 now \$5.50
" " " " " \$7.00 to \$8.00 now \$4.00
" " " " " \$5.00 to \$6.00 now \$3.00
" " " " " \$3.00 to \$4.00 now \$2.00

Untrimmed shapes in Milane Chips. Hemp and Hair Braids from \$1.00 to \$3.00. Some of these shapes sold for \$5.00 and \$6.00.

Children's hats for \$1.00 to \$2.50.

The Misses J. & F. Quinlin

THE NEW NORTH.

THE NEW NORTH PRINTING CO.
AUGUST 10, 1911.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display advertisements—For a contract of three months or more, ten cents per column inch will be charged for each insertion. For a shorter time higher rates will be charged.

In addition to the above, all composition a display advertisement of three minutes or less, will be charged at the rate of thirty cents per hour.

Do the committees of twelve intend to do business or are they just posing?

Of late there is much talk of forming a new township comprising Tomahawk Lake and a part of Newbold on one side of the river.

John W. Gates, the American financier, died in Paris yesterday. It is said he was kept alive days by the desire to see America again but he died before he could get home. It is said he leaves about \$30,000,000.

Almost any objection to the Recall that you meet with if simmered down to its substance, will be found to spring out of the old notion of lawyers and judges that public office is private property.—The Public.

Does anybody now doubt the corruption connected with the election of Lorimer to the U. S. Senate? It shows well the degradation to which the special interests will go to further their own ends.

Mr. Wickersham is determined not to permit the magazine trust to grind the faces of the poor. Why can't it be reasonable like the sugar and beef and steel and money trusts?—Philadelphia North American.

Senator Frye of Maine who has served so long in the U. S. Senate, died Monday, this leaves Senator Cullom of Illinois the Dean of the senate or the senior member of that body.

We believe President Taft is stepping beyond his sphere when he threatens to veto the bill making Arizona a state because the voters of that state have adopted a constitution with the recall applied to judges. The will of the people should be the law of the state.

After pushing the reciprocity bill and signing it, President Taft cannot consistently veto the wool bill, the free farmers' bill and the cotton bill. He did not wait to have the tariff commission report on the reciprocity bill, why should he delay to have the commission report on other schedules which he himself has condemned?

LAW IS PLAIN

In last week's New North, we called attention to the fact that it is not necessary for a private citizen to swear out a warrant in most cases but is the duty of the officers to do so. In fact, the officer may be prosecuted if he does not. Section 1553 of the laws of 1903 as amended by 371 of the laws of 1909 reads: Every sheriff, under-sheriff and deputy sheriff, police officer, marshal or constable of any town, village or city who shall know or be credibly informed that any offense has been committed etc., shall make complaint and for every neglect or refusal so to do shall be deemed guilty and punished by a fine.

ANNUAL MEETING

The Annual meeting of the Mutual Telephone Company was held last Tuesday evening, at the council rooms.

The following directors were elected: Arthur Taylor, E. O. Brown, D. F. Recker, E. A. Forbes and C. F. Barnes.

The directors elected the following officers: Arthur Taylor, President, E. O. Brown, Vice-President; M. H. Raymond, Treasurer, and Geo. F. Mahoney, Secretary, and H. W. McWayne, Manager.

Yesterday afternoon, the directors met to make a change in the form of the company.

THE PAPINEAU CASE

At a meeting of the common council last Monday night the case against Fred Papineau for selling liquor on Sundays also for selling liquor to a minor was adjourned to the 16th. The following witnesses are to be subpoenaed for the meeting: Chief of Police, Maurice Straub, Wm. Hanson and Chas. Sargent.

If Mr. Papineau is guilty it is mandatory for the council to revoke his license, if not, the case should be dropped. If the committee of twelve intend to do business, they should have a good attorney and prosecute the case. Section 1553 of the laws of 1903 says each party may produce witnesses and be heard by counsel. If the case is worth prosecuting it is worth prosecuting vigorously. Mr. Papineau was represented by Attorney Fisher of Merrill but the committee of twelve had no attorney.

"THE CAT AND THE FIDDLE"

"The Cat and the Fiddle" Chas. A. Sellen's pretentious production, the merriest of all the musical extravaganzas of the present season, will be presented at the Opera House Aug. 25. As the title indicates the play tells of wonderful doings of the people of another world in connection with some of those of our own flesh and blood. The motive of this story is this: In a far away spot—the Island of Eye, the great Eye rules over the destinies of the people. The nominal king, Great Gobs, and his consort, Queen Circe, are the rulers so long as the Eye is kept open, but every hundred years a sacrifice, in the guise of a young girl with a strawberry mark on her left shoulder, has to be offered as a token for the continuance of the reign of the Eye. Unless the sacrifice is offered, the Eye closes and Great Gobs and Queen Circe lose their power and the Genii, with the cat and the Fiddle, who have been imprisoned in a jar in the bowels of the Catskill Mountains for six hundred years, are restored to the throne.

PROF. KING DEAD

Prof. Franklin King, who for many years was connected with the school of agriculture of Wisconsin University, died at Madison, Friday. He was the father of Mrs. L. A. Leadbetter of this city. His death was sudden and due to heart failure.

Prof. King was one of the best known authorities on agriculture in the United States.

The funeral was held at Madison, Sunday.

TO REFORM SCHOOL

Clara Gerhardt was sentenced to the Industrial School at Milwaukee by Judge Billings this morning. This was on complaint made by the girl's mother.

OCURRENCES AT NATION'S CAPITAL

Happenings Of Interest Of The Last Week From Down Washington Way

Congressman Victor L. Berger the Wisconsin socialist, declares that "old working men and working women are entitled to a living outside the poor houses and without the aid of private charities," and for that purpose he has introduced a bill providing for a basic pension of \$4 a week for every man or woman more than sixty years of age. Mr. Berger says that if the old parties and the Supreme Court do not realize the facts he has advanced that "they will be wiped out of existence together with the old constitution." He points out the fact that old age pension laws have been passed in the principal nations of Europe.

Joseph R. Farr, until recently general superintendent of logging in the Indian Service, is giving Secretary of the Interior Fisher and Commissioner Valentine, of the Indian Department, a stirring up that is assuming such proportions that it may become a matter of national concern as were the Ballinger and Pinchot scandals. Mr. Farr has been in Washington for several months endeavoring to obtain satisfaction from the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for alleged injustice in suspending him from his position. This week he filed a suit for \$50,000 for libel and slander against the Commissioner and the day following came out in an open letter in which he charged that Secretary Fisher had been deceived by Valentine, and that Fisher had not showed that he was qualified to handle the affairs of the Interior Department. Independent of the libel suit, interest is shown in Administration circles, and in Congress in the revelations. Mr. Farr's open letter recites a lamentable condition of affairs that may result in further investigations of Secretary Fisher's department. If half the charges made against Valentine are proven, it hardly seems possible that he can retain his position with the government.

Representative Elmer A. Morse, who comes from the northern part of Wisconsin, has returned from a trip to the Badger State and has made it quite clear to inquirers in Washington that there in one state in this broad union that President Taft is not going to have in the next Republican National Convention. But this is what Mr. Morse has to say: "No one can remain a few hours in the political atmosphere of Wisconsin without feeling assured that the Republican sentiment of the State is unanimously in favor of Senator La Follette for President. You ask why Wisconsin Republicans, leaders, rank and file, and all, including many Democrats, are for La Follette, and I must answer that he has the confidence of his people and he has retained it wonderfully well in all the years of his leadership." Continuing his little story, prefaced by the remark that "I am a Republican and have no personal criticism of President Taft," Mr. Morse went on to say that there has been a faltering among the Republicans of Wisconsin for many reasons which he enumerates, and which in the summing up includes every objection that has been advanced by the Democratic majority of the House of Representatives against the President.

During the closing hours of the cotton tariff debate, a speech was made in favor of the Democratic cotton revision bill by Mr. Lenroot, a progressive Republican of Wisconsin. This was the bill reported by him. This was the bill reported by the Democratic caucus. Mr. Lenroot's position upon this legislation, particularly in view of his party affiliations, attracted attention.

A NEW ALDERMAN

A little politician arrived this morning at the home of Alderman and Mrs. Pat. Cain. While the youngster has not yet become boss of the ward he has everything very much in own way, in the Cain domicile.

DIES WHILE OUTING

F. A. Hildebrand was at Trout Lake Monday and prepared for burial the body of Mrs. Wm. Reed wife of a Chicago millionaire, who was spending the summer at the lake.

TEAMS HAVE TWO CLOSE CONTESTS

Stevens Point and Rhinelander Break Even Here Saturday And Sunday

Stevens Point, claiming the state championship, broke even with the locals Saturday and Sunday, both games being of the shut out variety, by a 5 to 0, and 2 to 0 score.

Saturday, Rooney appeared for the first time in the rifle pit and his assortment held the down state swat artists hitless until the ninth, when Tragrasser and Garlie, connected safely.

Rhinelander started scoring in the third. Henry hit safely, took second on Post's safety and scored on a single by Poller.

In the fourth Secor singled, took second on a passed ball, Weckler's sacrifice moved him to third and Jastram promptly "squeezed" across the home station.

Secor walked with one dead in the sixth, Weckler hit a fly to left which Gregory allowed to slip thru him, putting men on second and third. Jastram again squeezed Secor in and Weckler traveled all the way in from second, while Curran was throwing Jastram out.

Post scored the last run, in the seventh, on his two sacker, and a hit by "Spike", making the final count 5 to 0.

2nd Game

Sunday's game was a pitcher's battle. When Van Patter and our own Jack Henry locked horns, and honors were about even, one hit being all Rhinelander could find Van for while Stevens Point secured but two off Jack. One of them being a fluke when Johnnie Sohr got his feet tangled and fell under Fishleigh's drive in the third, the hit going for three bases, from where he scored on Van Patter's fly to center.

Tragrasser doubled to open the seventh and when Henry threw to third on Dietzler's bunt, the ball got thru Jastram, allowing "Treg" to score.

A glance at the box score shows that Stevens Point gathered but four hits in the two games. While the locals secured ten off Rob. Shambeau and Potter. The teams will cross swords at Stevens Point Saturday and Sunday.

1ST GAME

Stevens Point	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Gregory 1 f	2	0	0	0	0	1
Schreiner s s	3	0	0	1	0	0
Dietzler 3 b	4	0	0	2	3	0
Tragrasser c	4	0	1	6	1	0
Powell c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Garlie 1 b	4	0	1	1	1	0
Fishleigh r f	3	0	0	0	0	0
Curran 2 b	2	0	0	0	2	0
Robb p	1	0	0	1	0	0
Shambeau	2	0	0	2	3	0
Total	29	0	2	24	11	1

*Van Patter	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
*Batted for Curran in ninth.						
Rhinelander	4	1	2	11	1	0
Post c	4	0	2	2	0	0
Poller 1 f	4	0	2	2	0	0
Clifford c f	4	0	0	2	0	0
Rooney p	4	0	2	0	2	0
Secor s s	2	2	1	4	1	0
Weckler 2 b	2	1	0	2	1	0
Jastram 3 b	2	0	0	0	1	0
Sohr r f	4	0	2	2	0	0
Henry 1 b	3	1	1	4	1	1
Total	29	5	9	27	7	1

Summary—Two base hit, Post, Sacrifice hits, Secor, Weckler, Jastram 2. Struck out by Rooney, 11 by Shambeau, 6. Base on balls, off Rooney, 4, off Robb 1. Left on Bases Stevens Point 7, Rhinelander 6. Hit by pitcher, Curran, Umps, Garner and Roller.

2ND GAME

Stevens Point	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Powell c f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Schreiner s s	4	0	0	2	0	0
Gregory 1 f	4	0	0	1	0	0
Tragrasser c	4	1	1	9	1	0
Dietzler 3 b	4	0	0	5	0	0
Garlie 1 b	3	0	0	12	0	0
Fishleigh r f	3	1	1	1	0	0
Robb 2 b	2	0	0	1	3	0
Van Patter p	2	0	0	2	0	0
Total	30	2	2	27	13	0

Rhinelander	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Post c	3	0	1	9	0	0
Poller 1 f	3	0	0	0	0	0
Clifford c f	3	0	0	2	0	0
Rooney 1 b	3	0	0	11	0	0
Secor s s	3	0	0	1	3	0
Weckler 2 b	3	0	0	2	5	0
Jastram 3 b	3	0	0	1	1	0
Sohr r f	3	0	0	1	0	0
Henry p	3	0	0	0	1	1
Total	27	0	1	27	10	1

Summary—Three base hit—Fishleigh. Two base hit, Tragrasser. Struck out by Henry 8, by Van Patter 7. Base on balls, off Henry 2. Left on bases, Stevens Point 2. Rhinelander, 0. Umps, Roller.

ANSWERS FINAL CALL

Mrs. M. Melieux Dies After Long Illness With Tuberculosis

Mrs. Melvina Melieux passed away Saturday at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. James Jolin, in this city. For several months the lady had been ill with tuberculosis. She made her residence at Chicago until six weeks ago when she was brought to Rhinelander. Since then she declined rapidly and the end had long been expected.

Mrs. Melieux was thirty-eight years of age and is survived by a husband and one son, besides her parents and several sisters and brothers.

The funeral was held Tuesday morning from the Jolin residence. Rev. Fr. Bertram officiated.

"JIM" GETS A SHOCK

Officer O'Malley came in contact with a strong electric current, last Monday night, while trying to start the arc light near the Alpine Hotel and for a brief time it looked as though James would never again smile upon the pretty girls on his beat. After regaining his senses the extent of his injuries was found to be a severely burned hand, which required the services of a physician. It is probable that the lamp chain which James grabbed hold of was crossed by a live wire.

Mrs. Dr. Stebbins of Hurley is the guest of Miss Hazel Hildebrand.

The New North

Is a Strictly Home Product

Printed on Paper
Manufactured in
This City

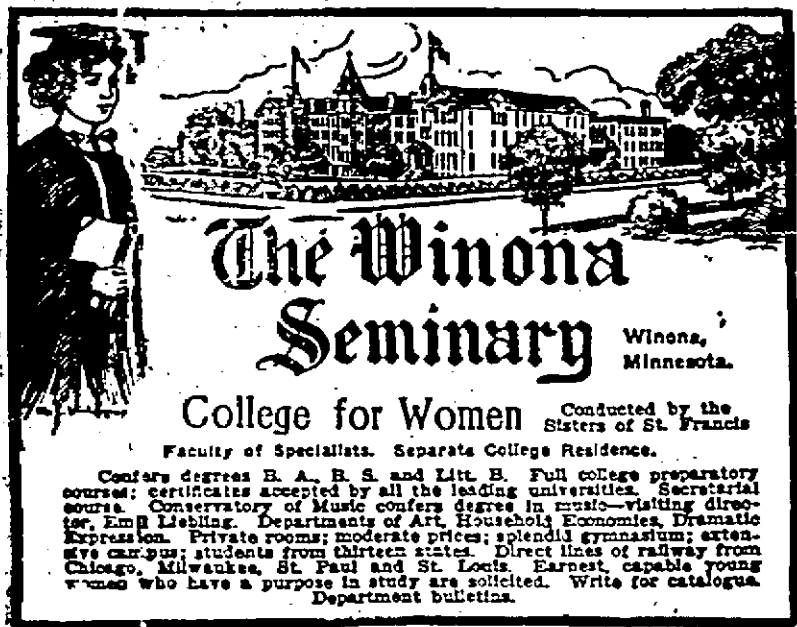
Patronize Home Industry by placing your name on our subscription list. All the news all the year for

\$1.50

CRAB APPLES, CRAB APPLES, CRAB APPLES

Don't wait, place your order today. All fruits are about two weeks early.

Horrr's



The Winona Seminary
Winona, Minnesota.
College for Women
Conducted by the Sisters of St. Francis
Faculty of Specialists. Separate College Residence.

Courses degrees B. A., B. S. and Litt. B. Full college preparatory courses; certificates accepted by all the leading universities. Secretarial course. Conservatory of Music confers degrees in music—visiting director, Emma Liebling. Departments of Art, Household Economics, Dramatic Expression. Private rooms; moderate prices; splendid gymnasium; extensive campus; students from thirteen states. Direct lines of railway from Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and St. Louis. Earnest, capable young women who have a purpose in study are solicited. Write for catalogue. Department bulletins.

Jerry Bentley is now employed at Watersmeet, Mich.

Mrs. V. L. Dye of Milwaukee is the guest of Mr. Mrs. J. Hess.

Mrs. F. L. Hudson of Wausau is the guest of Mrs. A. W. Shelton.

Rev. P. Racaszek gave first communion to a large class of children at Three Lakes, yesterday.

The Rhinelander Business College opens September 4th instead of August 28th as previously announced.

Joseph Plasecki, aged father of Theo. Plasecki, a leading farmer of Robbins, is very ill and his recovery is doubtful.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Corbett were at Antigo, Wednesday evening, and attended the performance of "Miss Nobody from Starland."

Miss Elizabeth Markham is the guest of her sister, Mrs. E. G. Squier. She is a teacher in the Seattle, Wash., schools.

Miss Hulga Swedberg will leave the fore part of September for Rock Island, Ill., where she will take a course in music at Augustana College.

Isaac Cohen was the guest of Henry Wubker on a fishing trip at Tom Doyle lake Wednesday. He returned with twelve pike and four fine black bass.

At Gilligan's hall the Rhinelander Amusement Club will give one of its regular dances next Saturday evening. Music by Military orchestra. A good time is assured. Tickets 50 cents per couple.

Rev. Clemans, of the Methodist church, will speak next Sunday evening on "The Young Man of Tomorrow."—What the world, the church, and the young lady expect of him.

A well known Des Moines woman after suffering miserably for two days from bowel complaint, was cured by one dose of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. For sale by All Dealers.

Miller Brothers' great 101 Ranch Wild West Show appears at Wausau, Friday, August 18. This big attraction is considered one of the best of its kind in America today and is said by many to be superior to Buffalo Bill's show. There are over 1000 people and horses with the enterprise. A number of Rhinelander people will attend the performance at Wausau.

Miss Lizzie Sullivan teaches this year in the town of Cassian.

Miss Hope Noble of Minocqua is visiting friends in the city.

Miss Ruby Jennings entertained her friend, Miss Mae Brown of Arlino this week.

Miss Margaret Shelp returned Wednesday from Madison where she has been attending school.

John Hess has returned from a business trip through Kansas, Nebraska, Iowa and Minnesota.

Miss Lois Bischoff of Ashland is the guest of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Gilligan, Sr.

Miss Clara Yost, who has been the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Gust Nagel, returned to her home at Winchester, Wednesday.

The Barnes children, who have been spending the last ten days near Eagle River, arrived here in their car yesterday.

Forest Himes returned on his motorcycle from Merrill, Sunday. The trip between the two cities was made in two hours.

Mrs. Thos. Durkee of Manawa, sister of Mrs. Geo. Clark, passed thru the city Tuesday on her way to Ironwood to attend the N. P. L. convention.

The families of Chas. Morrill and H. C. Braeger are camping this week at Lake George. Mrs. Braeger's sister, Mrs. Chas. Koppin of Wausau, is also one of the party.

Mrs. C. W. Black and children, of Gladstone, who have for the last three weeks been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Sargent, left Wednesday for Minneapolis.

The Brunswick RESTAURANT

New Management

Boiled Dinners Daily
Meals at All Hours

Luxuries for Fishing Parties a Specialty

EXPERT CHEF IN CHARGE
When you want something good to eat remember the

Brunswick

Guy Morrill of Gagen is nursing a broken arm.

Miss Dorothy Brown is visiting at Ashland this week.

Ray Marks, one of the city mail carriers, is on his annual vacation.

Found—Seal grain purse containing money. Loser inquire at New North.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Peterson are the happy parents of a little daughter.

Chas. Woodcock was in the city Saturday on his way from Escanaba to Neopit.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Riek spent last week in Fond du Lac visiting Mrs. Riek's parents.

Ray Marks and family returned Wednesday from Lake George after a week's outing.

B. H. and C. B. Heinemann, Wausau lumberman, transacted business in Rhinelander, Monday.

Midshipman Ned Gillam of the U. S. navy is the guest of his mother, Mrs. David Jacobson.

Miss Bertha Byington of Duluth is the guest at the home of her sister, Mrs. F. W. Meen.

The Misses Reardon and McRae returned Monday from Tomahawk where they visited Miss Strong.

Dr. and Mrs. J. T. Elliott and Miss Louise Whatmough spent yesterday at Tomahawk Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Richardson of Cheboygan, Mich., are visiting their daughter, Mrs. Arthur Taylor.

Miss Margaret Shelton arrived Saturday from Madison where she was in attendance at summer school.

Mrs. R. Powers and children have returned from Rice Lake where she spent two weeks with friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Bontle are joking over the arrival of a little baby girl at their home last Thursday.

Miss Winnie Joslin went to Stevens Point yesterday to act as bride's maid at the wedding of Miss Gladys Park.

Miss Eva Hildebrand returned from Madison, Sunday where she attended the summer session of the University of Wisconsin.

I have the H. M. Buck Store accounts to collect. Parties wishing to pay their accounts may do so at my office.

R. J. Morter, Attorney.

Miss Lillian Laberge returned to her home at Stetsonville, Monday, after spending two weeks with Misses Mabel White and Irene Peterson.

Foley Kidney Pills will check the progress of your kidney and bladder trouble and heal by removing the cause. Try them.

J. J. Reardon.

Howard Reed and family go today to their cottage at Lake Thompson. The Misses Whitfield of Fond du Lac and Miss Hattie Johnson of this city will be guests at the Reed cottage.

Mrs. Richards left Sunday night for her home in Maine after a visit of several weeks with her son, Dr. C. A. Richards. The Dr. accompanied her east as far as Chicago.

Mrs. George Hilgeman was very ill the first of the week with an attack of appendicitis. Her brother, Dr. S. G. Higgins of Milwaukee was summoned to her bedside. Mrs. Hilgeman is much better.

NOTICE

City Clerk's Office,
City of Rhinelander.

The Board of Review of the City of Rhinelander for the year 1911, met at my office in said city on the 9th day of August, 1911, and adjourned until the 14th day of August, 1911, at 9 A. M.

GUST SWEDBERG,
City Clerk.

THE TALE

The flowers are nodding,
The winds they are blowing,
My heart it is beating so wild,
Oh, bright is the day
And I am away
To my love,
In the hills.

C.V.-1911.

Oh, restless heart
No longer do you roam
By shadowy stream
Or starlit path—
Wild winds have blown,
Chill winds from out the west
And love is dead.

C.V.-1911.

Clarence Venn.

STOLEN! STOLEN!

Glinker shaped boat, built ofypress strips; painted green on outside and yellow on inside. Removed from my boat house near paper mill bridge within last five weeks. Reward of \$10.00 will be given for return of boat.

P. F. SEIBEL,
Rhinelander, Wis.



ARE YOU READY?

If you are ready for your Fall Coat, we are ready to show you the new ideas, and the kinks in the cuts and make up.

BUY EARLY

Don't allow the choicest things to slip away from you.

You will be pretty hard to fit if we can't fit you right off. But we'll make any necessary alterations.

Prices no higher than quality justifies. Ladies, misses', and children's plush and caracul, cut in correct styles.

Children's caracul from

\$5.98 up

Ladies' plushes and caracul from

\$10 to \$45

Money back if any thing goes wrong. No woman is your superior in this store.

Kolden Dry Goods Co.

NEWS NOTES OF PUBLIC LIBRARY

Set of Century Dictionaries in Ten Volumes Are Placed On Shelves

The most important addition to the library in the past year is a set of the Century Dictionary consisting of ten volumes which has recently been purchased and shelved in the reading room.

It is the most comprehensive American dictionary today, and is considered the best authority.

The plan includes three things: The construction of a general dictionary of the English language, which shall be, serviceable for every literary and practical use, with excellent discussions of synonyms treating of about 7000 words; a more complete collection of the technical terms of various sciences, arts, trade and professions than has yet been attempted; and the addition to the definitions proper of such related encyclopedic matter, with pictorial illustrations, as shall constitute a convenient book of general reference.

In the set is included the Century Atlas and the Century Encyclopedia of names. The latter volume is a pronouncing and etymological dictionary of names in geography, biography, mythology, history, ethnology, art, archeology, fiction, etc.

Few families would care to place such an extensive work of the kind in their homes both on account of the expense and space required, but there is no better authority at the present time, and any one who wishes will be very welcome to use it. Other books added are:

Hurn—Wisconsin Women in the War.
Fitch—Chattanooga Campaign.
Crockett—History of Lake Champlain.
Thomas—Manual of Debate.
Parkman—Oregon Trail.
Grenfell—Adrift On An Ice-Pan.
Fiction—
MacGowan—Sord In the Mountains.
Marks—End Of A Song.
Crockett—Lilac Sunbonnet.
Juvenile—
Munroe—Fur—Seal's Tooth.
Crichton—Peep-In-The-World

FREE! FREE! FREE!

A 100 pound sack of R. D. flour for the best loaf of bread made from R. D. flour exhibited at Oneida county fair.

Goldberg's, Phone 156.

For sale—At this office, fine map hangers, consisting of three maps, 1 of the world, 1 of Wisconsin, 1 of the United States, and the Panama Canal Region. A fund of information in small space, should be in every home. Price 35 cents.

NOXIOUS WEEDS

No law is violated more than Sections 1450, 1480a, 1490b of the Revised statutes, providing for the destruction of noxious weeds.

The most common of the noxious weeds are Canada thistle, burdock, snap dragon, sow thistle, rag weed, sourdock, yellowdock and mustard.

If neglected, in time these weeds will spread and do thousands of dollars of damage, besides being injurious to the health of the community as it is admitted that hay fever and other diseases are caused and aggravated by many of these weeds.

The law compels the mayor of every city and the chairman of every township to appoint one or more weed commissioners. It compels the weed commissioners to investigate concerning the existence of noxious weeds in his city or town or district and remove all noxious weeds in the highways and notify any person who has any of the noxious weeds growing on his lands or premises.

If land owners neglect to destroy these weeds when notified the weed commissioner can remove the same and charge it up against the person and his land, placing the same in the next tax roll.

The weed commissioner is given the express right to enter on any one's land to destroy the noxious weeds.

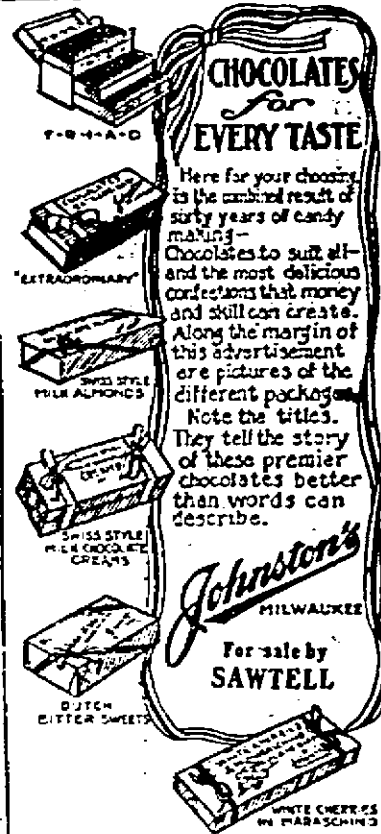
If a mayor or chairman neglect to appoint a weed commissioner, they are liable under the statute to a penalty of from \$50.00 to \$100.00.

The weed commissioner is liable to a penalty of from \$10.00 to \$20.00 for neglect or refusal in each case to perform his duties.

In other words some officer is liable to a severe penalty in each case where you see noxious weeds growing, and yet there are highways and many private lots in the city where we can see noxious weeds and the rural highways are fringed with noxious weeds and many can be seen in the fields adjoining.

There should be an effort to exterminate the noxious weed and city and town officers should get busy before complaints are made.

Master. Earl Kettner and sister, Audrey returned to their home at Goodman, Saturday.



CHOCOLATES FOR EVERY TASTE

Here for your choosing is the combined result of sixty years of candy making—Chocolates to suit all and the most delicious confections that money and skill can create. Along the margin of this advertisement are pictures of the different packages. Note the titles. They tell the story of these premier chocolates better than words can describe.

John's
MILWAUKEE
For sale by
SAWTELL

MAJESTIC

DAILY

Historical Bulletin

Watch Our Window
Each DAY

MAJESTIC THEATER

The City Meat Market

Has changed ownership and will hereafter be conducted by TELLIS DURAND

A Choice Line of Fresh and Salt Meats Fish and Game in Season will be kept in stock.

GIVE US A CHANCE TO PLEASE YOU

TELEPHONE 63

Read!

Any Young Man With Common Sense Could Manage To Save An Hundred Cents.

If With This He'd Start A Bank Account,

And Would Add Each Week A Like Amount,

He would Soon Have Laid A Sum Away,

Which Would Give Him A Start, In A Business

Way!

Reflect!

Resolve!

START TO-DAY

\$1.00 Opens An Account at the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Savings Deposits.

LAW
REAL ESTATE LOANS,
INSURANCE.
 above lines are covered at
 a mere cost of
PAUL BROWNE

Attend the
Social Democrat
Meetings
Every Wednesday Evening
At Labor Hall.
 Over S. D. Nelson's Store.

DR. I. E. SCHIEK
 Physician and Surgeon
 Hinman Building, Davenport Street
 Office Hours—9 to 11 a. m., 1 to 4 p. m.
 8 p. m.
 Sundays—10 to 11 a. m.
 Phone 133



La Follette's
WEEKLY MAGAZINE
 The Great Progressive Weekly

There are many reasons why you
 should read what it says 52 times
 each year. It is free to tell the truth
 it will oppose the encroachment of
 special privileges upon the people's
 rights. It will call the roll on pub-
 lic men and measures and inform you
 how your congressmen work and vote
 it will criticize the executive branch
 of government from the highest to
 the lowest, if in its judgment the
 people's interests are not protected.
 It will spread the gospel of ideal
 home life through the Women's De-
 partment. It will be conservative
 when good things are to be con-
 served, and radical when bad things
 are to be exposed.

SEPT. 10, 1917
EDITOR

Price \$1.00 a Year
 You can get the magazine and the

New North
BOTH ONE YEAR
FOR \$2.00 IN ADVANCE
 SEND IN YOUR ORDER TO THE

New North
 AND NOT TO

La Follette's
WEEKLY MAGAZINE

**News-From Neigh-
 boring Hamlets**
 By Our Regular Correspondents

JENNINGS
 E. Meckalski is putting up a new
 store and residence 22x34; the store
 will be fifty two feet long. The res-
 idence will be two story and eight
 rooms and pantry.
 Mrs. P. Looker of Milwaukee is vis-
 iting Mrs. A. Panka.
 Mrs. Plotka is enjoying a visit
 of a sister from Warsaw.
 Mrs. J. A. Knyttler spent Saturday
 in Crandon.
 Mr. and Mrs. J. Barr, Mr. and
 Mrs. A. Schukz and niece Miss Eva
 Schulz of Antigo, and Mrs. Lander-
 gott of Crandon were visiting at
 the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. Styew-
 all last week.
 J. Styewski of Milwaukee, is vis-
 iting his grand parents and other rela-
 tives and likes the country life very
 much.
 C. Ackely has a crew of men work-
 ing for him loading cars at Bishops'
 siding near Pratt Jet.
 C. Woffler was a Jennings visitor
 Tuesday afternoon.
 J. Rice and A. McGillis of Pelican
 were in town one day this week.
 J. Lither, M. Kliner and A. Adam
 of Antwa and Birnamwood are visit-
 ing Joe Knyttler.
 Mr. and Mrs. F. Boomer's little ba-
 by girl was baptized Sunday as was
 also Mr. and Mrs. J. Derwetsch's
 little son.
 There was a dance at the home of
 J. Starzinski last Sunday afternoon
 and evening.
 O. Rice and T. Walker of Crandon
 are plastering E. Meckalski's new
 building.
 Albert Styewski of Antigo is visit-
 ing his parents.
 Mrs. Ellenwood of Crandon visit-
 ed Mrs. J. A. Knyttler a couple of
 days last week.
 There will be a Polish wedding in
 Jennings August eighth, Miss Polie
 Starzinski of Jennings and Victor
 Lass of Milwaukee. It will be held
 in J. Knyttler's hall.
 The Rev. Father Racaszek of
 Rhinelander held mass here Sunday
 Two little girls and one boy made
 their first communion.
 Mrs. Ed. Wolfgram was in Crandon
 one day this week.

EAGLE RIVER
 Ruben Slattery, one of the oldest
 and most prominent residents of Ea-
 gle River, observed his 70th birthday
 Friday. He was kept busy acknowl-
 edging congratulations.
 Mrs. Fannie Madden received news
 this week of the death of Mrs. G. R.
 Radford at Shreveport, La. She for-
 merly resided here.
 J. Foley Jr. has gone to Pensacola
 Fla., to remain several weeks.
 Misses Frances Diamond and Irene
 Abbott were guests of Eagle River
 friends this week.
 A new boat house which will
 have a large capacity is being built
 by Jas. Morgan.
 Mr. and Mrs. Pope and children of
 Waukegan, Ill., are at their summer
 home on Yellow Birch lake.
 Mr. and Mrs. Marvel Garrison are
 visiting at the home of N. A. Gar-
 rison.
 John Conant of Westfield was in
 the city this week.

THREE LAKES
 Rev. G. W. Carnes will preach at
 the Free Methodist church here next
 Sunday.
 Mrs. F. Federer and children are
 here from Brinkley, Ark., visiting
 relatives.
 Miss Sarah Kennedy of Little
 Falls, Minn., is the guest of rela-
 tives.

CHAS. NEUE
Painting
and
Decorating
 Rhinelander, - Wis.

H. F. STEELE
LAWYER
 OFFICE IN SHELTON BLOCK
 RHINELANDER, WIS.

Chas. Woelfer of Lake Mills and A.
 E. Himley of Crandon were in the
 village during the week.
 Wm. Korzillus of Racine is visit-
 ing his parents here.
 Mr. and Mrs. Dwayne Robinson of
 Arpin and Mrs. J. Kissingner and
 children of Marshfield are guests at
 the Brewster home.

AROUND THE CIRCLE
 Mrs. V. L. Dye, of Milwaukee, is
 visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs.
 John Hess, in the town of Pelican
 this week.
 Mrs. Erleco, of Bear Creek, is
 spending a few weeks at the home of
 Mr. and Mrs. Charles Groose, in the
 town of Crescent.
 Master George Welk, of Neilsville,
 is stopping with his father this fall
 on the farm of John Hess.
 Mr. and Mrs. George VanNorman,
 and Mrs. Wm. Hobbs, of Royalton,
 Wis., came up Saturday for the
 carnival and spent the week here
 visiting at the homes of A. F. Easton
 and Mrs. Mrs. F. W. Bowles in the
 town of Crescent. Mr. Hobbs came
 up during the week and accompanied
 them home the latter part of the
 week. While here Mr. VanNorman
 and Mrs. Hobbs had the pleasure of
 meeting Mr. Katzejammer at his
 palace and also numerous friends at
 the "Crazy House." There was some-
 thing "doing" all the while they were
 here and their time was well taken
 up. They were also shown about the
 city by their old time friend Morris
 Straub.
 George Pettit, an old time Waupaca
 county "bean hucker" was down from
 Robbins' camp 5 and spent a couple
 of days with friends.
 Miss Ruth McKinzie is visiting at
 the home of her friend, Miss Clara-
 bell Hagen, in the town of Crescent
 this week.
 Miss Ruth LeLand is stopping with
 the family of Mr. S. C. Welch, for a
 time.
 John Hess, took a southwestern
 trip last week via Chicago, Ill., tak-
 ing in the eastern portions of Kansas
 and Nebraska, and returning via
 Iowa and Minnesota arriving home
 the latter part of the week.
 Dewey Sears, of Seymour, Wis.,
 came up to visit at the home of Mr.
 and Mrs. Wm. Hahn, where Mrs.
 Sears has been for some time visit-
 ing her parents. They departed for their
 home Tuesday morning on the south
 bound train.
 We understand that J. H. McNabb,
 is developing into quite a horse jockey
 of late.
 Henry Wiedman is doing a splendid
 job at road building this week from
 the Soo crossing towards the city.
 We hope the good work will keep
 right on as the recent rains has left
 them in bad condition.
 James Roach has recently moved
 upon the Finan farm west of the city
 lately.

ROBBINS
 Nearly the whole town of Sugar
 Camp attended the Tripp trial in
 Rhinelander, Wednesday and Thurs-
 day and also took in the circus and
 carnival.
 D. B. Sweet and family moved to
 their new home on Lake View Farm
 Sunday.
 Wm. Nutt has resigned his position
 with Knapp & Jones, Henry Nimmer
 is filling the vacancy.
 Miss Alice Brown of Milwaukee is
 the new kitchen girl at Sugar Camp
 resort.
 Rhinelander, Merrill and Wausau
 were represented by auto parties at
 Sugar Camp Resort, Sunday.
 Two bears have been killed in this
 locality recently.
 Billy Peanuts has purchased a new
 horse by mistake. He should have
 bought an auto judging from the
 rate of speed he wishes to travel.
 The new cream station opened by
 Knapp & Jones is turning out some
 very high tests and business is in-
 creasing rapidly.
 "Green Gables" is closed for a week
 or ten days.
 Dr. Vold of Whitehall, Wis., ac-
 companied by O. F. Immell who are
 stopping at the resort, caught a 15
 pound "muskie" in Lost Lake, Tues-
 day.
 Carl Hillman and wife of Chicago,

J. Bellerne of Blaire, Wis., Dr.
 Gregory, Mr. and Mrs. Doty of Stev-
 ens Point, and W. F. Beardslie of
 Evanston, Ill., are the lucky fisher-
 men at the resort this week. Mr.
 Beardslie's record for five, days is 61
 pike and pickerel.
 Will Gustman and wife of Green
 Leaf are moving into the cottage vac-
 ated by D. R. Sweet. Mr. Gustman
 was married recently.
 Five guides are at present employ-
 ed by Knapp & Jones to guide fishing
 and camping parties.
 A. L. Appenheimer and party of
 three, of Portland, Ore., are expected
 at Sugar Camp Resort early next
 week.
 Stere Revelle has purchased a new
 four hundred dollar team.

ENTERPRISE
 Mrs. Andrew Maquins and niece
 Miss Vivian Langlois returned to
 their homes at Fond du Lac.
 Ed Thompson and John Buran left
 for International Falls Minn, where
 they have employment for the winter.
 Mr. and Mrs. M. F. Biglow and
 baby of Arbor Vita are visiting at
 the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Hollidan.
 Frank Bressett was a Rhinelander
 visitor Thursday.
 Mr. Trexall of Red Granite is visit-
 ing Dr. Reed.
 Helen and Ruth Kunz of Minocqua
 are visiting their aunt, Mrs. E.
 Knabe.
 The Ladies' Aid Society met with
 Mrs. O. Anderson, Tuesday afternoon.
 Miss Alma Sparr left Sunday even-
 ing for a two weeks' visit with friends
 in Schofield.
 Miss Louisa Kucera who has been
 visiting at her home for the past
 four weeks, returned to Big Rapids,
 Monday.

HAS SUDDEN DEATH
 John Rebeck Expires While Driving
 Into This City

John Rebeck, a Polander aged 50
 years died suddenly Wednesday
 forenoon while driving a load of
 furniture from the town of Newbold
 to this city. He was standing on
 the top of the load when stricken,
 and fell to the ground.
 When picked up life was extinct,
 and the corpse was removed to the
 Hildebrand morgue here. The body
 was viewed by the coronor and
 Dr. Garner who gave the cause of
 death as heart failure.
 Deceased leaves a wife and two
 children in Poland. He was in the
 employ of Mr. Fetke.

HURT AT LAUNDRY
 Woman Gets Her Arms Caught Be-
 tween Rolls Of Mangle

Mrs. Kate Smith, employed at the
 Oneida Steam Laundry, met with a
 painful accident Tuesday when her
 arms got caught between the
 heated roll and padded roll of the
 mangle. The injuries received were
 serious and it is impossible to
 state at this time what the outcome
 will be.
 Mrs. Smith's home is at Marsh-
 field.

THE COW AND THE MOON
 Edwin Gilmore, the pitiable ec-
 centric comedian is this season ap-
 pearing in Chas. A. Selon's musical
 extravaganza, "The Cow and the
 Moon" and will be seen in this city at
 the Grand Opera House August 31st
 A production of the most massive
 and gorgeous scenery that has been
 shown in many a day is promised.
 Distinct novelties are said to be a
 feature commencing with the Girls
 Seminary at Not Mue Ville, Ind.,
 the Pullman Palace Car, the gigantic
 Locomotive, The Forest of the Mists,
 the Moon as viewed from the Earth,
 and Earth as viewed from the Moon,
 the Dream Forest, the Oriental Ba-
 zaar, The Moon Jungle, The Home
 of the Hottentots, The Temple of the
 Sacred Cow, and the Grand Trans-
 formation. Riotous cobring reign-
 supreme and there are many feats of
 marvellous magic, illusions of won-
 der, and ballet evolution by a chorus
 of much beauty.

Oh, somehow, when I hear that lone
 Low whistle of the whids
 Go sighing,
 A lingering strain from memory's
 chords
 Is waked, that sets my heart
 A crying,
 How often, Oh, how often,
 And all the voices of the woods,
 The rivers and the fields
 Are talking;
 I think it must be God's own way
 Of teaching things to
 A talking
 How often, Oh, how often,
 Claude Venae,
 Mark Raymond has departed on a
 trip to the Pacific coast.

PANTS AND PANTS
TROUSERS
 Any one looking for a bar-
 gain in medium heavy work
 pants, semi-peg light weight
 dress up pants? Pants usually
 sold for \$2.50 to \$3.00, can
 just now find a bargain in the
 above at our place for
\$2.00
 We are today putting out a
 complete line of sizes in as-
 sorted colors some with cuffs
 attached.—A bargain just now
 for a short time at
Gary & Danielson

**YOUNG BOYS IN
 TROUBLE AGAIN**
 North Side Lads In Court Sec-
 ond Time For Breaking
 Into Stores

For the second time within a
 year three little north side lads,
 Willie and Manfred Christian and
 Frank W-Lb ranging in ages from 8
 to 12 years, were arraigned in mun-
 icipal court Tuesday charged with
 burglary.
 The trio, according to their own
 admissions, had broken into the
 Lewis hardware company's store and
 removed a small amount of money
 and merchandise. The boys also con-
 fessed to other offenses of a sim-
 ilar nature at T. C. Wood's store,
 Kristensson's garage, Brown Broth-
 ers' office and other places. They
 seem to have but small conception of
 the difference between right and
 wrong.
 The court found it a difficult prob-
 lem to deal with offenders of their
 tender years and finally allowed them
 to go on probation under the care of
 a guardian. The youngsters have
 for the last year or more been a
 source of trouble to the officers, and
 another depredation by them will prob-
 ably result in their commitment to
 a trial school.

ACTIVE IN BUILDING LINE
 Northern Wisconsin will have the
 finest crops in its history. Hay
 was a good crop in Oneida and ad-
 joining counties and the regular
 rains all through the last month
 have brought up the oats, potatoes,
 corn and grains and vegetables of
 all kinds.

GOOD CROP YEAR
 Building continues good. The
 Rhinelander Lumber & Coal company
 reports that June was its best month
 since it started in business and that
 trade has kept up to the same line
 to date. Not many houses are being
 built but the lumber is going into
 houses and improvements.

CHURCH NEWS.
 American Sunday School Union.
 Information concerning communities de-
 siring the services of a missionary in or-
 ganizing a school will be gladly received by the
 undersigned.
 PETER LALORIE,
 Missionary A. S. S. U. Rhinelander, Wis.
 German Zion Evangelical Lutheran
 Services Sunday 10:00 a. m.
 Sunday School 11:30 a. m.
 Pastor, J. DUNN, R. 2,
 27 North Stevens Street.
 First Congregational.
 10:30, Morning Worship.
 11:45, Bible School.
 6:30, Christian Endeavor.
 7:30, Evening Service.
 Swedish Lutheran
 Services 11:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
 Sunday School 9:15 a. m.
 Ladies Aid Society every fourth Thursday
 Edwin Olan in charge, 638 Thayer St.
 Christian Science
 Christian Science services over News at
 10:45 Subject: "Soul"
 Sunday school 9:45.
 Methodist.
 11:45 Meeting 10:30 a. m.
 Morning worship 10:30; Sermon Subject
 Bible School 11:45.
 Epworth League 6:45.
 Evening service 7:30, Subject
 R. G. CLEMENS, Pastor.
 St. Augustine's Episcopal.
 St. Augustine's Church Episcopal Services
 next Sunday
 Holy Communion 7:30 A. M.
 Sunday School 10:00 a. m.
 Morning Prayer 11:00 a. m.
 Evening Prayer 7:30 P. M.
 Norwegian Lutheran
 Service Sunday, at 10:30 and 7:30 p. m.
 J. A. Sjaerem, Pastor.

BREAK INTO CAR
 Thieves Confiscate a case of Shoes:
 Last Night.
 A Northwestern box car was broken
 into last night and a case of shoes
 consigned to a Rhinelander merchant
 was stolen. The contents of a sugar
 sack were dumped on the floor and
 the sack was missing. It is believed
 this was used by the thieves in con-
 veniently carrying away the foot-
 wear.
 The police are making an investi-
 gation of the theft.

YOUNG FOLKS CAMPING
 The following young folks are camp-
 ing this week at Indian Lake in
 the town of Sugar Camp: Misses Ida
 Thurston, Minnie Swanson, Bessie
 Knapp and Lynne Carr and "Bud"
 Lewis, Maurice Perfiner, Louis Cru-
 soe and James Caldwell. Mrs. Chas.
 Thurston is chaperon for the party.
 Mr. D. Kirk entertained at cards
 last evening at her home on King
 street.

LOCAL TIME TABLE.
C. & N. W. R'y Time Table
NORTH BOUND ARRIVE

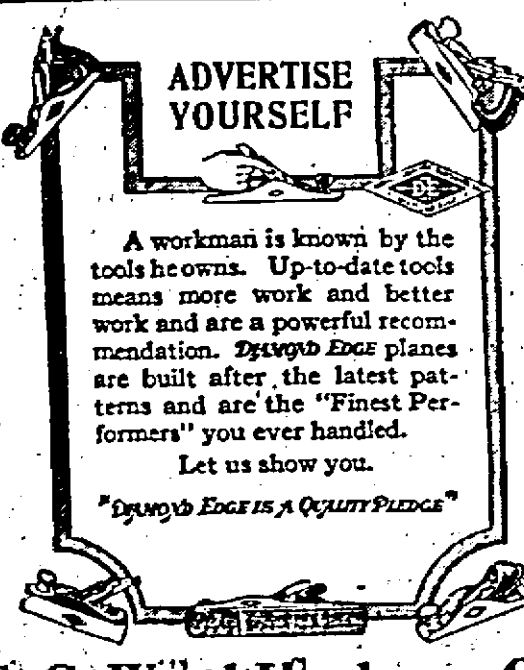
No. 111-Daily	6:15 a. m.
No. 117-Daily	1:45 p. m.
No. 106-Daily, except Sunday	11:58 p. m.
Does not run North of Rhinelander.	
SOUTH BOUND DEPART	
No. 63-Daily except Sunday	9:15 p. m.
No. 114-Daily, except Sunday (starts 6:35 a. m.)	10:25 a. m.
No. 115-Daily, except Sunday	10:25 p. m.
No. 113-Daily	11:00 p. m.
No. 32-Daily, except Sunday	6:45 p. m.
No. 30-Sunday only	8:00 p. m.

C. W. SCOTT, Agent.

MINNIES, St. Paul & South St. Marie R'y
 Train No. 85, west bound, leave 9:20 a. m.
 Train No. 84, east bound, leave 5:25 p. m.
 Train No. 7, west bound, leave 5:55 a. m.
 Train No. 6, east bound, leave 5:10 a. m.
 A way freight leaving Rhinelander going
 east at 5:45 a. m. and way freight No.
 33, from Gladstone to Rhinelander,
 five here at 6:15 p. m.
 *Daily, †Daily except Sunday.
 R. F. TOMPKINS, Agent.

**Don't Overlook
 This Offer**
 New North \$1.50 per year
 Outers' Book \$1.50 per year
Both for \$2.00
 Payable in Advance
THE OUTERS' BOOK
 Is the Greatest Sports-
 man's Magazine in the
 Northwest.
 Everyone Knows What
 The
NEW NORTH IS
**Subscribe
 Now**

**ADVERTISE
 YOURSELF**



A workman is known by the
 tools he owns. Up-to-date tools
 means more work and better
 work and are a powerful recom-
 mendation. **Dryden Edge** planes
 are built after the latest pat-
 terns and are the "Finest Per-
 formers" you ever handled.
 Let us show you.
 "Dryden Edge is a Quality Pledge"

T. C. Wood Hardware Co.

SUPPLEMENT

TO THE.

NEW NORTH

RHINELANDER, WIS.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 19, 1911.

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 orial hall 21
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[illegible]

and 3 of this section, so far as its liability shall have become payable at the time of death; but the death shall be deemed the termination of disability, and the employee shall thereupon become eligible for the following death benefits in lieu of any further disability indemnity:

(a) - In case the deceased employee leaves a person or persons wholly dependent on him for support, the death benefit shall be a sum sufficient, when added to the indemnity which shall be paid at the time of death, to be paid or payable under the death benefits or gratuity of this section, to the person or persons entitled to such gratuity.

ns of this sec-

(b) In case the deceased employee leaves no one wholly dependent on him for support, the amount of the death benefit shall be such percentage of the death benefit as shall be such percentage of the average annual earnings of the deceased employee as the amount devoted by the employee to the support of the person or persons so partially dependent on him for support bears to the total amount of the salary to be payable to the widow and until the board shall direct payment in gross, in weekly installments corresponding in amount to the weekly earnings of the employee.

ect to the
the main-

(c) Liability for the death benefit provided for in said subdivision (a) or (b) shall be the proximate cause of death; provided that, if the accident proximately causes permanent total disability, and that disability continues before disability indemnity ceases, the death benefit shall be the same as though the accident had caused death; and provided further that, if the accident proximately causes permanent partial disability and death ensues from some other cause before disability ceases, the death benefit shall exist for such percentage of the death benefits provided for in said subdivision (a) or (b) (as the case may be) as the percentage of the total wage replacement

of this act.

(6) If the deceased employee leaves no person dependent upon him and his family, the death benefit shall consist of the reasonable expense of his burial, not exceeding \$100.

(7) If the deceased employee's weekly earnings referred to in section 2274A — 3 shall be one fifty-second of the average annual earnings of the employee, the death benefit shall be taken at less than \$100, not more than \$100, and between \$100 and \$150, if he arrived at or followed by the employee's death, and he was working in the employment in which he was working at the time of the accident, whether for the same employer or for a different employer, on the day of the year immediately preceding his death.

the state, or

shall consist of three hundred times the average annual earnings of such employee during the days when so employed.

(b) If the injured employee has not worked substantially the whole of such immediately preceding year, his average annual earnings shall consist of three hundred times the average earnings of the employee of a corresponding place at this time working substantially the whole of such immediately preceding year in the same or similar employment.

(c) If the injured employee has not worked substantially the whole of such immediately preceding year in the same or similar employment, he shall have earned in such employment during the days when so employed.

(d) In cases when the foregoing methods of arriving at the average annual earnings of the injured employee cannot reasonably and fairly be applied, such annual earnings shall be ascertained by the board, in regard to the previous earnings of the

employees at

(d) The fact that an employee has suffered a permanent and total disability entitling him to compensation therefor, shall not preclude compensation for a later injury, or for death, but in determining the average annual earnings of an employee for the purpose of compensation for death, his average annual earnings shall be such sum as will reasonably represent his annual earning capacity at the time of the last injury or employment in which he was working at such time and shall be arrived at according to, and subject to the limitations of, the provisions of this section.

in advance o
subject to th

(c) The following shall be conclusively presumed to be wholly and work-dependent for support upon a deceased employee:

- (a) A wife upon a husband while she is living at the time of his death.
- (b) A husband upon a wife when he is living at the time of a death.
- (c) A child or children under the age of eighteen years for whom the

to be liable for

patient with whom he or they are living at the time of the death of the parent, there being no surviving dependent parent, the following dependent persons shall be deemed dependent, and the benefit shall be divided equally among them:

In all other cases questions of entitlement to a dependency shall be determined in accordance with the facts, the fact may be at the time of the death of the employee, or at a later date, and there may be more than one person wholly dependent, the benefit shall be divided equally among them, and persons partially dependent shall be deemed dependent, and if there is more than one person partially dependent, the benefit shall be divided among them in proportion to the relative extent of their dependency.

4. No person shall be considered

er cent of t

[illegible]

Twenty-ninth

of such employee, a party in interest shall indemnify him for the expense of the collection of any sums payable by a responsible party, and shall not be liable for any compromise thereof by such employee.

Section 11. Under this act no claim shall be maintained unless, within thirty days after the occurrence of the accident which is claimed to have caused injury or death, notice in writing is given to the name and address of the person injured, the time and place of the accident, and the nature of the injury.

of Wisconsin
Senate and Assembly,
of chapter 344,
added to the state
to read: Section
of section 1401
it shall be the
of the people
thousand and up-
to be incorporated
rolling or
within the bound-
the fourth class in
shall take effect
and after its effec-
Cory Law.
Enacted May 4, 1911.
LAWS OF 1911.
Subsension 1, of sec-
statistics, relating to
State of Wisconsin,
Enacted May 4, 1911.
Section 1, of section
is amended to

1. Whenever any bill abstract tract in-
 2. sist of any system of
 3. servicers of any such
 4. a department to be
 5. ment, and the same
 6. independent of the
 7. of deeds, as said
 8. them advisable. The
 9. count shall be
 10. two years, who shall
 11. abstractor, who
 12. operate said ab-
 13. tract shall be ap-
 14. pointed to county board
 15. furnished a seal for
 16. said seal, and said
 17. abstract issued by
 18. days after his ap-
 19. pre entering upon
 20. duties of his of-
 21. fice shall execute
 22. said bond in the sum
 23. of \$100 with two or
 24. more sureties, according
 25. to section 702, which bond
 26. shall be returned to the fol-
 27. lowing bounden:—
 28. To the office of county ab-
 29. stract of _____ on the
 30. _____ day of _____
 31. A. D. 19____, the return
 32. of the above ob-
 33. ject.
 34. If the said _____

of said office, and
successor in office all
rights, papers and other
things in office, shall
all be void; otherwise
in full force. The
person to furnish a surety
or a surety company,
company out of the
county treasurer, or
any company for such
of deeds shall be
of county shall be
offices. At the same
abstractor shall at all
of any person, and on
of any person, shall
person an abstract of
such county.
shall take effect
and after its pas-
1911.

Published May 4, 1911.
LAWS OF 1911.
The first of the first
the height that the
may hang above side-
giving the proper city
to cause them to
assess the cost thereof

erty in front of or on
the land owned by
the State of Wisconsin,
Senate and Assembly,
Says: That the title of the first class
either organized under
or special charter, is
the State of Wisconsin,
and that the branches of
above the sidewalk levels
lots, or alley, of such
the event of the failure
any property or pre-
which such title is
springing over sidewalks,
at a level less than that
insurance to trim the
of such such title
fortified, for a period of
thirty days, after being
of such title, and to
the branches of such
as required by such
large the cost of such
of the first of lots or
in or in front of which
large, by special assess-
ment, the cost of such
lots, parts of lots or
such special assessments
at such times and in

acts and parts of this
city problems of this
as far as they are in-
act shall take effect
from and after its pas-
sage.

CH. 1311. Copy Law.
Published May 4, 1911.
22, LAWS OF 1911.
authorize the city of Marin-
ette to acquire the right
of the city of Marinette
of the city of Marinette
to construct
a bridge across the
the State of Wisconsin,
Senate and Assembly,
the city of Marinette, Wis-
consin with the city of
the city of Marinette
of said cities, to con-
tain a foot and wagon
bridge across the city
of said cities, to con-
tain the city of Marinette
at such point be-
tween the city of Marinette
and the bridge known as
the Marinette Bridge, now
owned by the city of Ma-
rinette, upon the coun-

The manner of raising
construction and main-
tenance shall be the
prescribed by law for
the improvement of bridges
of the state.

This act shall take effect from and after its passage, April 3, 1911.

[Published May 4, 1911
ch. LAWS OF 1911.
The amended section 409 of the
relating to burglary.
The bill of the Wisconsin
in Senate and Assembly,
reads:
Section 409 of the statutes
relating to burglary. Any
shall break and enter in the
office, shop, or warehouse,
building or adjoining
any dwelling house, or
cumbrous vessel, railroad
car, or other building, and
commit the crime of murder,
larceny, or other felony,
shall be imprisoned in the
penitentiary for a term of
more than one year, provided
that the offender may be held to
re-spond for offenses heretofore

This act shall take effect
from and after its pas-
sage, April 3, 1911. Copy law

state shall have a population of one hundred and fifty thousand or more, each city is therefore authorized by the people to erect and maintain a public museum under the management and control

and high schools in cities of the class."

The people of the State of Wisconsin represented in Senate and Assembly enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 18. of chapter laws of 1907, as amended by chapter

Approved May 8, 1911. Copy Law.

No. 234, A1. (Published May 9, 1911.)
CHAPTER 103, LAWS OF 1911.
AN ACT to amend section 925a-153 of
the statutes relating to the organiza-
tion and government of cities and of

large clerk as the case may be, the proportionate amount to be raised by the town or village or city, said proportion to be determined according to the total valuation of all the taxable property as equalized by the boards shall bear the same proportion to the succeeding six years and after that succeeding year the amount attached to the amount equalized by the boards shall be the same.

to the annual payment

181 of the state-
tion * * * at * * * its annual
in each year, the same to be an-
the secretary of state upon presen-
by the secretary or other proper
perform all the
of any * * * such association *

b6
 b7C
 b7D
 brought on for argument and deter-
 mination before such court, or the pre-
 siding judge thereof, at any time upon
 five days' notice.
 * of a Section 2. This act shall take effect

citizens, shall be
said municipal
said court shall

to solemnly
witnessments and
administer oaths,
and shall re-
therefor. The
of this dis-
before tim-
ath, for the pur-
whether a warn-
and witnesses so
compelled to an-
answer all per-
to the sub-
all be subject to
pt for refusal to
of attachment
in said court
ture used in ju-
81, laws of 1882,
of 1903, amend-
of the laws of
ed.
shall take effect
nally after its pas-
11. Copy Law.
May 12, 1911.
WS OF 1911.

section 3 of sec-
statutes, permit
obtain reduced
rate of Wisconsin,
e and Assembly,
n 3. of section
is amended to
2. The amend-
ed as preventing
from giving pre-
ferred rates there-
to. The amend-
ment one-half of
the business of "a
freight car."
No transporta-
tion delivered to or
person for trans-
portation as such
may be deter-
mined as "ac-
cidental business."
If this provision,
to such appli-
cation effect. On or
after such date
holding a cer-
tain report to the
traveled upon
the same under
the preceding
shall take effect
and after its pas-
sage.

11. **Cory Law.**
Effective May 13, 1911.
LAW OF 1911.

section 4560a.3, and to create a sub-section 4560a.4, of section 4560a, sections 4560a.5, 6 and 7, the statutes, regarding taking of the use of and providing a date of Assembly, to and Assembly, are added to rec-statutes two new section 4560a.4 upon any in-paragrap of other prima facie evidence of an

4. Any person who is convicted of such a crime shall be punished by a fine of \$1000 or more, or imprisonment for a term of not less than 60 days of the county

was committed,
years more than
in such case and
discretion of the
added to section
a new subsection
4560A. (1)(b). Or
the bill would re-
r in which treat
tion 4, of section
is amended to
(b) "Any person
provisions of " "
shall be guilty of a
upon conviction
by a fine of
five dollars or im-
prisonment for six
months, or by im-
prisonment if the
offense was com-
mitted thirty days
or less after the
last arrest, in the
t.
ions 5, 6 and 7, of
statutes are re-

shall take effect
and after its pas-
1910.

passed May 17, 1911.
LAWS OF 1911.
sections 1570m,
relating to the
court and dis-
tributors
State of Wisconsin,
State and Assembly,
1911.

are added to the
the right to reach
the common-law
court on a verified
of the county
of any dis-
franchise or fraternal
society is located,
and in the fall we
whether such com-

submit its books,
offer to the pub-

and examination of the said deputy, or who refused to obey an order to make an examination, or to have any part of his property or that of his relative, or of a child have been a part of reimbursement, or attempted to improperly take part in any transaction, is to receive such property or reimbursement, or to be the author of or abettor of the written application, or examination, to be that its form or contents are in any way, or to its public, or to its officers, or to its corporation, or any person, or to any

application, an order of the court, or otherwise, the company shall make why the court should take possession of the company and its business, and the effect of the order on the rights of creditors, stockholders may require.

Also, at any time after the issuance of the order, the company or any person in connection with the transaction of its business or its property, shall be permitted to be heard by the commissioner into the possession of the company, and until the further order of the court after a full hearing.

When the order is made, the commissioner shall take possession of the business of the company, and retain it until such time as the application of the

of such company or
after a like hearing
that the ground
been removed and
y or society can
resume possession
the conduct of its
application and or-

.. 05,463	522	.6054633
.. 91,920	527	.9055529

[illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible][illegible]

as herein otherwise provided.

4. The canvassers shall meet and canvass the returns at ten o'clock on the Friday following the September primary. Their returns shall contain the names of the first choice voters and the whole number of second choice votes cast for each candidate of each political party.

5. The canvassers shall also make an additional duplicate return showing the votes cast for each candidate made up of the wholly within the limit of the county.

6. The county clerk shall forthwith send to the secretary a complete copy of all returns as to such candidates.

7. The secretary of state, state treasurer and auditor general shall constitute the state board of canvassers of the September primary. Said board shall meet at the state capital on the third Tuesday of September in each year in which the September primary is held. Said board shall first canvass the votes cast for candidates for state officers, United States senator, representatives in Congress and members of the senate and assembly in districts not wholly within one county, and all of the provisions relating to the canvass so far as applicable, shall apply to said canvass, except as otherwise provided herein.

8. The board of canvassers shall create a new section 11-17 of the statutes to read: Section 11-17. The state and county boards of canvassers shall be guided by the following rules:

(a) If any candidate for an office receives a majority of the votes declared nominated for such office.

(b) If no candidate is thus nominated, drop the name of the one having the least number of first choice votes and add the second choice votes cast by his supporters to the first choice votes of the remaining candidate for whom the most were cast.

(c) If no candidate then has a majority, drop from the list the number of votes then to his credit, and add the second choice votes cast by his supporters to the votes of the remaining candi-

4. The county canvass of the returns of a September primary shall be made by the same officers and in the manner provided in chapter 3, of the statutes . . . for the canvass of the returns of a November election, except

..... Party
(Designation of Party.)

To vote for a person whose name is printed on the ballot, make a cross (X) after his name in the proper column as follows:

Mark your First Choice with a cross (X) in the First Choice column.
Mark your Second Choice with a cross (X) in the Second Choice column.
To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write his name in the blank space under the printed names and mark your First and Second Choice as above.

COUNTY.		
COUNTY CLERK.	First choice. Vote for one.	Second choice. Vote for one.
A. B.....		
C. D.....		
E. F.....		
G. H.....		
.....		

COUNTY TREASURER.	First choice. Vote for one.	Second choice. Vote for one.
A. B.....		
C. D.....		
E. F.....		
G. H.....		
.....		

SUBJECT	First choice. Vote for one.	Second choice. Vote for one.
A. B.....		
C. D.....		
E. F.....		
G. H.....		
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CORONER.	First choice. Vote for one.	Second choice. Vote for one.
A. B.....		
C. D.....		
E. F.....		
G. H.....		
.....		

CLERK OF THE CIRCUIT COURT.		First choice. Vote for Gen.	Second choice. Vote for en.
A. B.....			
C. D.....			
E. F.....			
G. H.....			

DISTRICT ATTORNEY.		First choice. Vote for one.	Seco choice. Vote for one.
A. B.....			
C. D.....			
E. F.....			
G. H.....			
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REGISTER OF DEEDS.	First choice. Vote for one.	Sec- ond choice. Vote for
A. D.....		
C. D.....		
E. F.....		
G. H.....		
.....		

LEGISLATIVE.		
STATE SENATOR.	First choice. Vote for cnt.	Second choice. Vote for cnt.
A. B.....		
C. D.....		
E. F.....		
G. H.....		
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PRIMARY BALLOT

C

FOR		
Candidates	FIRST CHOICE	A.
A. B.....	<div style="display: flex; flex-direction: column; align-items: center;"> <div> <div>1</div> <div>2</div> <div>3</div> <div>4</div> </div> <div> <div>5</div> <div>6</div> <div>7</div> <div>8</div> </div> <div> <div>9</div> <div>10</div> <div>11</div> <div>12</div> </div> </div>	
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FOR GOVERNOR.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.					
Candidates	FIRST CHOICE	SECOND CHOICE			
		A. R.	C. D.	E. F.	G. H.
A. D.....					
C. D.....					
E. F.....					
G. H.....					

No. 464. A.] [Published May 27, 1911.
CHAPTER 231, LAWS OF 1911
AN ACT to amend section 1775 of the
statutes, relating to conveyances by
corporation.
The people of the State of Wisconsin,
represented in Senate and Assembly,
do hereby enact as follows:
Section 1. Section 1775 of the statute
is amended to read: Section 1775.
1. Every corporation, whether a stock
company or not, or any corporation by
the name designated in its articles,
and shall have the powers of a corporation
conferred upon by these statutes,
necessary or proper to conduct the
business or accomplish the purposes

prescribed by its articles, but no other
or greater; and may take by gift, devise,
purchase, or otherwise, real or personal
estate, and may, by a vote of a majority
of the stock then at any regular
meeting or at any special meeting
duly called for the purpose, and
convey or authorize to be conveyed
all or any portion of the property
owned by it, whether real or personal,
and may, by similar vote, mortgage or lease any such property
whenever it shall be necessary
for the purposes of the corporation,
or for the promotion or benefit of its property held
or used for the corporate business,
however the same may have been ac-

quired.
2. But any corporation, the
articles of which provide, as the
corporation, dealing in real
estate, or in fixtures, improvements,
chattels real, or whose articles
provide, as the business of the
firm, the sale or dealing in or
leasing, pledging or disposing of
real estate, or of improvements,
chattels real in any manner,
is hereby authorized to be
powered to mortgage, or to lease,
or to mortgage, pledge or
dispose of the same by its
executed in the manner pro-

section, §114, of such manner as shall be provided in the articles of incorporation, without further authorization by stockholders or directors of any such corporation; and all sales, dealings in, mortgaging, pledging or other disposition of the property hereinafter taken over by the corporation in such manner is hereby declared to be regular and sufficient for all purposes whatsoever.

A corporation shall take or hold stock in any other corporation except upon and with the assent of the holders of three-fourths of the capital stock of both the corporations proposing to take such stock and the corporation in which it is proposed to take such stock, or which may be formed or organized under or in pursuance of any general or special law of this State for the purpose of carrying on a logging or lumbering business, for engaging in the manufacture of lumber, the improvement of the navigation of any river or stream for log-driving or lumbering purposes, the running, driving, booming, sorting, brailing or rafting of lumber, timber, or other materials upon or down any river or stream, and any foreign corporation formed or organized for similar or analogous purposes may, with the assent of the holders of three-fourths of the capital stock thereof, purchase, take and hold stock in, and its corporate officers may become a subscriber to, the capital stock of any other corporation or corporations, foreign or domestic, created or formed for any one or more of the purposes herein provided; also, that any corporation formed or organized or which may be formed or organized under or in pursuance of any law of this State for the purpose of mining, smelting, quarrying or any mechanical or manufacturing purpose, upon and with the assent of the holders of three-fourths of its capital stock, may, in its corporate capacity, subscribe for, purchase, take and hold stock in any corporation, foreign or domestic, formed for the purpose of manufacturing, creating or generating any kind of power or light to be used as an adjunct to the well-being of power or light is to be used wholly or in part in facilitating the operations of such mining, smelting, quarrying or other mechanical or manufacturing company or the transaction of its busi-

neatly; provided, also, that any street railway corporation or corporation in existence on or after the date of this or any other state, and which owns or controls a street railway operated by electric light and power, shall be deemed to be such a corporation as hereinbefore described for the purpose of being so operated, may purchase, take and hold stock in and in the real and personal property, rights, privileges, ordinances and franchises of any other street railway operated by electric light and power, or may lease or operate a street railway by electric power, or of any corporation, foreign or domestic, for the purpose of operating or generating electricity for power, light or heat, or for any other purpose, and may purchase, take and hold stock in and in its corporate capacity become a subscriber to the capital stock of any other similar street railway or any electrical corporation or corporations, foreign or domestic, and the purchase to be assented to by the holders of three-fourths of the capital stock of each of the corporations owning as aforesaid at any general or special meeting of such stockholders.

4. The consideration for such purchase, or both, of the purchasing company; the conveyance of the property or the deed or title, or both, in the usual form; the transfers of the stock may be by indorsement in the usual form. The stock so acquired may be sold or leased by the purchasing company for power, light or heat or otherwise, or to any person or corporations for cash, the stock or bonds, or both, of any corporation to which the same may be sold or leased, or to that all electric light companies, foreign or domestic, now or hereafter existing, shall have all the rights and privileges conferred by this section on street railway corporations; provided, further, that no corporation shall be permitted to purchase and establishing manufacturing and manufacturing establishments, and the holders of three-fourths of the capital stock thereof, may purchase the stock in and in its corporate capacity become a subscriber to the capital stock of any corporation so aided or encouraged in the purchase of the actual cash paid or other property contributed to any such manufacturing corporation.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

CHAS. H. HARRIS, Secy. State.

Approved May 16, 1911. Copy Law.

No. 234, A.] [Published May 27, 1911.
CHAPTER 265, LAWS OF 1911.
 AN ACT to authorize any city of the
 first class, whether organized under
 general laws of special charter, or
 by any party to the compact, to lease
 to the United States government for
 light house and life saving station
 purposes,
 The people of the State of Wisconsin,
 represented in Senate and Assembly,
 do enact as follows:
 SECTION 1. Any city of the first class,
 whether organized under general laws
 or special charter, is hereby authorized
 and empowered to convey, lease or
 exchange to or with the United States
 government, any park or other public
 land belonging to such city, and to
 use as a site for an United States government
 light house or a life saving station,
 which exchange, lease or conveyance
 shall first be recommended to
 such common council by the board of
 park commissioners of such city or
 other board or body having control or
 management of such park or other
 public lands, and thereupon the common
 council may and lawfully may authorize
 the same by a resolution fixing the
 terms and conditions of the transac-
 tion, provided that the city shall not
 convey to any portion of submerged
 land constituting the bed of Lake
 Michigan, granted or public or boulevard
 purposes.
 Section 2. This act shall take effect
 and be in force from and after its pas-
 sage and publication.
 Approved May 26, 1911. Copy Law,
 No. 191, S.] [Published May 27, 1911.
CHAPTER 265, LAWS OF 1911.
 AN ACT to authorize any city of the
 first class, whether organized under
 the statutes, relating to specifica-
 tions for street improvements.
 The people of the State of Wisconsin,
 represented in Senate and Assembly,
 do enact as follows:
 Section 1. There is added to the
 statutes a new section, to read: Sec-
 tion 125-186a. Specifications for lay-
 ing street pavements may require that
 the material to be used shall be of a
 specified kind of standard, naming it,
 or material, which in the opinion of the
 board of public works shall conform
 with the duty of awarding the
 contract, shall be equal to the material
 thus specified; the decision of such
 board or officers on such question to
 be conclusive.
 Section 2. This act shall take effect
 and be in force from and after its pas-
 sage and publication.
 Approved May 26, 1911. Copy Law,

[illegible]

to be one page and publication.
town of Approved June 7, 1911.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage by the Legislature.

Approved June 14, 1911. Copy law.

No. 311, A.] [Published June 14, 1911.]

CHAPTER 33. LAWS OF 1911.

AN ACT TO GREATLY AMEND SECTION 14 OF THE STATUTES RELATING TO THE FURNISHING, CLEANING AND DISINFECTING OF CUPSLIDERS.

THE people of the State of Wisconsin, do enact as follows:

Section 1. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 14. The duty shall be the duty of the owner and occupant, and every person in charge of any public or quasi-public institution, namely, a railroad station, office building, store, theater, restaurant, hotel, boarding or

1. The type of building, factory, workshop or other building, used, as a public building, shall be constructed in a clean and sanitary condition. In order to promote the general health, whenever ordered by the local health department, the board of health, the duty of every person to furnish and place in an efficient manner, in every such building, a reasonable number of such cuspidors as may be required by the order of said health department or board, and to thoroughly cleanse and disinfect the same daily, except when such a building is not open to the public or is not in ordinary use.

2. The type of cuspidors to be used and a reasonable system, method or manner of cleansing and disinfecting the same, may be prescribed by the local health department or board; provided, that any cuspidors and system so prescribed shall be used and maintained by such AA to fulfill the purpose of such AA to fulfill

the requirements of the highest sanitary efficiency.

3. The powers and duties conferred upon the boards of health departments or boards by this act shall be in addition to all powers and duties already conferred upon such boards, and this act shall not be construed to diminish or abrogate such powers and duties in any manner.

4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than five nor more than twenty dollars.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 14, 1911. Copy Law.

No. 660. A. [Published June 15, 1911.]
CHAPTER 331, LAWS OF 1911.
AN ACT TO AMEND THE ACT RELATIVE TO THE BOARD OF HEALTH OF THE CITY OF ALBANY, PASSED APRIL 1, 1907.

ers of public lands to issue a patent to L. E. Walker of certain land there-in described.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. The commissioners of public lands are authorized and directed to open up to the state of Wisconsin to L. E. Walker for the following described lands, to-wit: The northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of section twenty-seven, in township thirty-eight north, of range fourteen west in the county of Burnett.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 14, 1911. Local Law.

No. 175. A. J. [Published June 15, 1911.]
CHAPTER 322. LAWS OF 1911.
AN ACT to create settlers 3261, 326m.

325A, 325B, 325C, 325D, 325E and 325F. The purpose of this act is to provide a method of determining the necessity of taking lands for public purposes in cities in this state, operating under special charters.

The people of the State of Wisconsin represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. There is added to the state constitution eight new sections to read:

Section 325A. Any city operating under special charter may proceed to determine the necessity of taking lands for public purposes in the manner hereinafter provided, as well as in the manner now provided by the charter of such city, or by any law applying to such city.

Section 325B. No city shall be liable for the condemnation of any lands or any interest therein, for any public purpose, permitted under the provisions of this or any law of this state applying to such city, shall have been

filed in the form and manner prescribed by such special act, or by any law, here declared to be, or whatever the common council of such city shall, in the manner described by such charter or law, here declared to be, and it is necessary to take any lands, or interest therein, for any such purpose, the common council may thereunto authorize any member, or members, of the board of public works, or other officer, board or body charged by the city charter with such duty, or other approval, to execute the same, and to file with the city clerk a survey and plan, together with a description of the lands proposed to be taken, and shall by a same or the same authority be authorized to commence and prosecute proceedings for the taking of such lands, or interest therein.

Section 10. The city shall be the duty of the city attorney to prepare and pre-

suit, within six months after the filing of such plat and description, or within such longer time as the court may allow, the owner of the land may from time to time grant a petition to the circuit court of the county in which the land proposed to be taken is located, for the purpose of obtaining a condemnation of the land mentioned in the resolution for the purpose therein designated. Said petition shall be verified by a sworn affidavit of the petitioner, and shall set forth, among other things, a description of the lands proposed to be taken, the purpose for which said lands are sought to be taken, the names of the persons to be taken, and the names of the persons supposed to be the owners of the lands, and the names of the persons who are known to said city attorney or can with reasonable diligence be ascertained by him. Said petition

The original petition, if any, the resolution of the common council and the plan and description.

The city attorney shall thereupon prepare a notice substantial in the following form:

"State of Wisconsin, Circuit Court of _____ County.

In the matter of (here insert object of proceedings) in the city of _____.

To Whom It May Concern:

Notice is hereby given that a petition for the condemnation of the real estate described in Exhibit A, hereunto annexed, has been presented to said court in the above entitled cause, and that all persons interested in said matter may answer said petition at any time within twenty days after service of this notice, exclusive of day of service.

Noted.

(A. B.)

This notice shall have the effect of a summons, and thereunto shall be added thereto a description of the land proposed to be taken and shall be served upon the owners of such land and upon the sheriff of the county in the same manner and by like persons as a summons in a civil action; provided, that service within the state may be made by the sheriff of the county in which the land is situated in the petition instead of the sheriff of the proper county, and the return of such proper officer may be made in like manner and by like persons as a return and effect as the return of the sheriff of the proper county. Service without the state or by publication may be had in the same manner as in civil actions, and shall exclude a person from an interest therein in case; and also in case it is necessary to proceed to serve a party in the same manner as in civil actions. The laws of this state, the proper officer of which on whom to make service

not exist or cannot be found, service of such summons may be made on the person or persons named hereinbefore, and, if the person or persons so named are not, as aforesaid, and for the purpose of such service, without the state or publication, the notice and petition herein provided for, and the persons named herein, or interested in the land proposed to be taken, shall be deemed respectively the summons, complaint or defendant, and the person or persons named herein shall be deemed to be authorized to service by publication.

Section 926. The filings of all notices shall be deemed the commencement of suit within twenty days of the date of such filing upon the service of such notice upon the person or persons being interested in any real estate proposed to be considered, such persons may serve an answer to such petition upon the city attorney.

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diction is vested in said court and judge thereof. The cross-line in practice herein said court may be governed, as far as practicable by the laws relating to justice of this state, and transcripts may be taken and docketed with the clerk of said circuit court for said county. A same effect as may be had by the laws relating to justice of this state and peace of said county, and after said court in all cases, both in civil and criminal cases, and carry over with like effects as are provided for justices' courts. Nothing contained in this constitution shall prevent or hinder actions mentioned in subdivisions 1 and 2 of section 532, of chapter 60 of the laws of 1907, from being heard in said 3d judgment may be in said municipal court by con-

any sum not exceeding the amount provided by rates.

Section 6. In case of sickness, or temporary disability of such person, the order in which he filed in said court, appointing him of the municipal court of Laredo, or a justice of the peace, to perform the duties of said person during such sickness, absence or disability, who shall have the power to appoint a substitute.

Section 7. No action, examination or proceeding shall be removed from said court, but whenever it shall be determined that the person interested preponderantly in the examination or other proceeding, and justice to the public will require, the removal of said examination or other proceeding will not importantly in the matter, he shall be removed to the district court, and the trial of the case shall be held in said court.

the state attorney general, who is also the state's chief law officer. In the case of a criminal conviction, the state attorney general may, at his option, petition the court of appeals for a writ of habeas corpus. In the case of a civil judgment, the state attorney general may, at his option, petition the court of appeals for a writ of certiorari. In the case of a criminal conviction, the state attorney general may, at his option, petition the court of appeals for a writ of habeas corpus. In the case of a civil judgment, the state attorney general may, at his option, petition the court of appeals for a writ of certiorari.

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Copy Law
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one municipal office for the first time. The office is elected by the voters and the person elected shall hold office for a term of one year. The salary of the clerk shall be fixed by the county treasury of said county. The clerk shall be the ex-officio secretary of the board of supervisors of said county and shall receive for his services a salary of three hundred dollars for the first term, payable in three equal installments by the county treasury of said county. The clerk shall be the ex-officio secretary of the board of supervisors of said county and shall receive for his services a salary of three hundred dollars for the first term, payable in three equal installments by the county treasury of said county. The clerk shall be the ex-officio secretary of the board of supervisors of said county and shall receive for his services a salary of three hundred dollars for the first term, payable in three equal installments by the county treasury of said county.

Section 13. Said court shall determine the party or parties entitled to the benefit of the settlement and the amount of the settlement, and shall not exceed five hundred dollars in damages for the party or parties claiming the benefit of the settlement. The settlement of the claim shall be made in full and in cash, and the party or parties claiming the benefit of the settlement shall not be entitled to any other benefit or compensation.

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duction. To this each precinct at five minutes after the serial number is polled. A list is provided for each precinct of certificate numbers. This list is a true check and poll receipt, which is signed by the election in each precinct. The check and poll receipt is returned as soon as the election is held. The election is held at all precincts, and the right to challenge applies to be heard shall be existing the cause of the election in each precinct. The right of registry is heard, in and out of the precinct.

[illegible]

ed to the commissioner of
and filed in his office. Any
in the board of directors shall
by the board, and the directors
uted shall hold office until the
tion. The officers of the bank
selected by the board of direc-

hold their offices for one year and their successors are elected by the stockholders and removed by a vote of directors. No person who has been previously convicted of a crime against the laws of the United States, or of any state or of any state, shall be elected to the office of president, vice president, or director. The president and the directors shall be chosen from the directors. The board of directors shall meet at least once every three months. At such meetings they shall generally examine the accounts of such officers as are entrusted with the management of all items of assets are of the bank at which they are carried on the books of the bank. And directors shall have the right to call for two meetings successively, or sickness, absence from the office, or unexcused absence from the office by a vote of the board of directors. The board of directors shall elect a secretary, who shall keep a correct record of the proceedings of the meetings in a book kept for that purpose, which minutes shall periodically disclose the decisions and the names of the directors and the reason for the absence of every director not in attendance at the meeting. The minutes of the board of directors subscribed to by the presidents and the minutes of the stockholders approved at the next succeeding meeting by the board of directors, and the minutes of such next succeeding meeting shall show the approval of the board of directors. Such books shall be kept in the vault of the bank at all times. It shall be the duty of the bank to make a copy of each book at the time he exam-

back and to include in his re-examination of such bank, a list of the dates on which such shares were held since the last election of said bank by the bank and the names of the directors in attendance at each of said meetings. Any person who shall make a false statement in this regard shall be liable to a fine of not more than \$1000 and to imprisonment for not more than six months.

any entry made therein, shall
med guilt of a misdemeanor,
conviction thereof, be pun-
ished by a fine not less than
\$100 nor more than five
dollars, or by imprisonment
in any county jail not less than thirty
days nor more than sixty
days, or by both such fine and
imprisonment.

2. This act shall take effect
in force from and after its pas-
sage and publication.

Approved June 26, 1911. Copy Law.

A. J. (Published June 26, 1911.
LAWRENCE: LAWRENCE & CO. 1911.)

T. To create sections 193-199 of
the statutes, providing for an addi-
tional appropriation for Troop A,
1st Regiment Cavalry, Wisconsin
National Guard.

The people of the State of Wisconsin,
Represented in Senate and Assembly,
enact as follows:

Section 193. There is added to the
statutes a new section to read: Section
193. In addition to all other
provisions provided for Troop A,
1st Regiment Cavalry, Wisconsin
National Guard, and in further addition
allowance provided by chapter
100 of 1901, and by the laws
of this state, and by the laws
of this section, constituting section
193 of the statutes, the troop shall
be subject to the approval of the
senate and assembly for an additional
allowance of not more than \$1000
annually, and an extra allowance for
the expense of a sufficient number of suit-
cases, and for the expense incu-
red by their keep and care.

There is herewith annually appro-
priated out of any money in the state

[illegible]

ation, park, cemetery, private road, public places and any place where the casual sale of plants is conducted with San Jose scale or other injurious insects or fungus diseases. For purpose he or his deputy or deputy inspectors may enter any place, building, packing grounds, building, or other place where his duties in carrying out the provisions of this act may require him to go, and his inspection shall include any person attending to hinder, thwart or defeat inspection by misrepresentation or concealment of facts. Any person otherwise shall be liable to the payment of penalty or forfeiture as hereafter provided.

There is added to the contents of this section to read: Section 1491. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation in this state to be engaged in the growing, propagation of trees, shrubs, plants vines for sale, to knowingly permit any San Jose scale or other injurious insect or fungus diseases to infest in their nurseries or on their property adjacent to the nursery. If it is found that any person or firm is selling any such infested or infected stock.

Section 3. Sections 1491-3 and 1494 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1491-2. If the inspector carrying out the provisions of sections 1491-1 to 1491-3, inclusive, find upon examination of an orchard, small fruit plantation,

cemetery or any public place located in this state, where such persons infects and spreads diseases, he will notify the owner or the person having charge of such premises in writing at least ten days before the person having charge of the premises will within ten days after such notice cause the removal of such trees, plants or shrubs if they are not given treatment, otherwise cause them to be treated as the inspector may see fit; failure to comply with this section shall subject the person failing to a penalty or forfeiture as hereinafter provided.

(c) Second.—If any other trees, shrubs, plants or vines are shipped in a state, or into this state from another state, country or province without a permit from the inspector on the outside of package, box or car containing the same, showing that the consignor has been informed by the appropriate state or government official, and pronounced apparently free from San Jose scale or other injurious insects, the inspector upon receipt must be promptly reported to said inspector by the railroad, express or steamboat company, or other persons concerned in the shipment, and from the source whence such article came and the party to whom they are addressed. Further, the consignee shall keep all shipments of nursery stock. Failure to comply with this section shall subject the person failing to a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

Section 4. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section

34-3a. Nurserymen shall make application to the state orchard and nursery inspector for inspection of their stock, on or before June 15th of each year. Failing to comply with this section said nurserymen shall be liable

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the people of the State of Wisconsin, relating to the salaries of insurance companies.

Section 1. Section 1319a of the statutes is amended to read: Section 1319a.

1. No policy of insurance shall be issued or delivered in this state by any company, except through an agent who is duly licensed in this state and hold a certificate of authority under section 1319, for the kind of insurance.

2. In case of fire insurance, the agent shall countersign and enter the policy in the permanent record of the company for that policy. Such agent shall also pay the commission on the policy.

3. The books of every person transacting business in this state for the business of an insurance agent shall at all times be open to the inspection of the commissioner of insurance. This inspection shall be made without a warrant, and such inspection shall be prima facie evidence of a violation of this section.

4. This section shall not prevent any insurance placed in violation thereof from being valid.

5. Any company or person soliciting or placing insurance without complying with this section shall in addition be liable to a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$500 for each violation personally upon such policy or contract of insurance to the same extent as if the company or person had been guilty of a violation of this section.

6. This section shall not apply to:

(a) Policies issued directly from the home office of any company organized in this state.

(b) Policies covering property in transit while in the possession or custody of a common carrier or while in the custody of a common carrier used for the common carrier or other property of any common carrier used and employed by it as a common carrier of freight or express.

(c) Policies issued directly, by any mutual company or any association of mutual companies, for the purpose of carrying out a plan, on which no commissions are paid, except to a home office of such company or association, as specifically authorized by the insured.

Any company or agent violating this section shall be liable to the penalty provided by subsection 5, of section 13350.

Section 1319a of the statutes is repealed.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911. Copy Law No. 769, A1.

Published June 24, 1911.

CHAPTER 437, LAWS OF 1911.

AN ACT to amend subsection 4, of section 1319 of the statutes, relating to the publication of election notices.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subsection 4, of section 1319, of the statutes, is amended to read:

4. This section shall be published twice in daily or weekly newspapers in counties or cities having such newspapers, and in cities having no newspapers, shall be on the day preceding the election and the other publication one week previously, and when published in the daily or weekly newspaper, shall be designated by the publisher; but if there be no daily or weekly newspaper published in the county or city, a publication may be made in any daily or weekly newspaper published generally in the county or city.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911. Copy Law No. 770, A1.

Published June 24, 1911.

CHAPTER 438, LAWS OF 1911.

AN ACT to create section 1723b of the statutes, relating to the cleaning in the State of Wisconsin of the floors, other materials and appliances used in the capitol building, and making appropriations for the same.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1723b is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 1723b. For the purpose of better adapting the capitol building to the needs of the people and the general public who frequent the capitol building, the superintendent of the capitol building shall provide and equip a room or rooms in the capitol building as a sterilizing chamber or chambers to be used for the cleaning of floors, other materials and appliances, substantially according to the cleaning system as now established and used in the government printing office at Washington, D. C., and at Columbia, and for cleaning and disinfecting such other materials and appliances, and for the purpose of this act, as may be required from time to time. There is appropriated out of any money in the treasury of the State a sum of one thousand dollars, and the sum of one hundred dollars, to defray the expenses thereof, not exceeding the sum of one thousand dollars. All expenditures made under this act shall be audited upon proper vouchers duly certified by the superintendent of public buildings, out of the moneys herein appropriated.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911. Copy Law No. 771, A1.

Published June 24, 1911.

CHAPTER 439, LAWS OF 1911.

AN ACT to amend sections 17219 and 17220 of the statutes, relating to the work of children under sixteen years of age, in the sale and delivery of newspapers, magazines and other articles, except newspapers, and hand bills and circulars, and in streets in cities of the first class.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

Section 1. Sections 17219 to 17220 inclusive, of the statutes, are amended to read: Section 17219. No child under sixteen years of age, or no girl under the age of sixteen years, shall in any city of the first class, or in any city or town, offer for sale newspapers, magazines, periodicals in any street or public place, or in any street or public place, or on the street trade, or shall sell or offer a goods or merchandise for sale or distribute any goods or merchandise, or any other articles, except newspapers, magazines or periodicals as hereinafter provided.

(Section 17219. No girl under sixteen years of age shall, in any city of the first class, work at any time, in any street or public place, or on any time, as a bookstall on in any other street trades or in the sale or distribution of hand bills or circulars or in any street trade, upon the streets or from house to house.

Section 17220. No boy under sixteen years of age, or no child of the first class, shall deliver, sell or exchange or offer for sale any newspaper, magazine or periodicals in any street or public place, or in any street or public place, or on the street trade, or shall sell or offer a goods or merchandise for sale or distribute any goods or merchandise, or any other articles, except newspapers, magazines or periodicals as hereinafter provided, shall have been issued to him by the state factory inspector. No such permit and badge shall be issued to any child, unless the same shall have received an application in writeth, therefor, signed by the parent or guardian of the child, having the custody of the child, and such permit and badge, and such other child shall have a written statement of the principal or chief executive officer of the public private enterprise, stating that such child is attending at such school with the grade provided that no such permit and badge shall be issued, unless such officer is satisfied that such child does not work besides his regular school work.

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laideman and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars nor more than fifty dollars.

Section 2. All acts and parts of acts connecting with any provisions of this act are repealed in so far as they are inconsistent herewith.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911.

No. 340. A. C. [Published June 24, 1911.]

CHAPTER [41]. LAWS OF 1911.

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 1316 OF THE STATUTES OF THIS STATE RELATIVE TO STAIRWAYS AND FIRE ESCAPES ON BUILDINGS.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represent and the Senate and Assembly do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 1316-4 of the statutes is amended to read:

Section 1. Every person who constructs, builds, alters, repairs, reconstructs, owns, occupies or controlling any building now or hereafter used, in whole or in part, for any business, public or private institution, or public hall, place of assemblage or place of resort, shall provide for fire escapes on buildings of two stories in height in which one hundred and fifty people or more are permitted to assemble, shall be provided with fire escapes on all stairways, one of which shall be located on the outside of such building and be at least equal in width to the stairway on the level with the second story floor, and on the ground providing that such building is not a fireproof building, such fireproof, it shall be provided with such means of egress as shall be approved by the commissioner of labor or factory inspection.

2. There shall be provided and kept connected with every hotel, inn, school, college, university, academy, boarding, flat building, apartment building, tenement house and lodging house, three or more stories high, and structure, three or more stories high, in which ten or more persons are employed, one of which shall be on the ground floor, of the kind of labor, one or more good and substantial metallic or fireproof stairways, which shall be ready for use at all times, reaching from the cornice to the top of the first story and be attached to the wall and be fireproof in such a reasonable position and number as to afford reasonable safe and convenient means of egress and escape in case of fire.

3. All fire-escape stairways shall be placed at an angle not more than thirty degrees from the vertical and there-to a wrought iron hand rail, not less than three feet in height, be constructed on each side of the stairway, of sufficient strength, and in all other respects shall afford an accessible and safe exit and escape in case of fire, for the use of one hundred and fifty people at any time be dependent thereon. Such stairs shall rest upon and be securely fastened to the building. Such stairs shall be located at each floor above the first, access to be provided to such balcony from at least two windows. Such stairs shall be made of wrought iron, bolted to wrought iron brackets, the upper arm of which shall go through the wall and be secured with a nut and washer, and the lower end of which shall be let into the wall and be securely fastened in place. Such stairs shall be not more than four feet four inches wide, and shall be provided with a wrought iron railing not less than three feet in height. In all cases the ends of said railing shall be securely fastened to the building. No balcony railing shall be less than four feet high by cast iron. All said fire-escape stairs shall be of such strength and construction as will sustain a load of one hundred and fifty people per step; and all said fire-escape balconies shall sustain a load of eighty people per square foot. Such stairs and balconies shall be kept at all time free and unobstructed passageway to such fire-escape. The balcony on the top floor shall be provided with a railing, not less than four feet high, leading to and above the roof, also to be placed at an angle of forty-five degrees from the vertical. The lowest railing shall be provided with a permanent balance stairway reaching to the ground. Such fire-escapes, in tenement houses, shall be located on the outside of the building, or one room other than a bath room or water closet compartment, and from each and every story above the ground floor, in tenement houses, and in houses with separate rooms for occupants, such fire-escapes must be directly accessible from all public halls, corridors, and communicating ways to several sleeping rooms.

4. Nothing in this act shall be construed to require that fire escapes on one or other fire escapes to be replaced by iron stairs or stairways, but no existing ladder shall be replaced except by a fire escape of the same kind. Nothing in this act prohibit the use of such spiral or chute fire escapes, as now being supplied by the State Fire Inspector or the commissioner of labor.

5. In all cities and villages where there is a water supply, either from a water works or from a fire hydrant pumping station, there shall be attached to such fire escapes, except on buildings of one story, a hose and nozzle and sprinklers, a three-inch wrought iron standpipe extending from a point on the ground to the top of the roof, not less than three feet above the roof or cornice, and on the roof shall be attached a two and one-half inch angle hose, with a nozzle and a double or Siamese "Y" female hose connection at the base of the pipe, the size and pattern used by the fire department where the structure is located.

6. Any architect, who shall fail to specify fire escapes as herein provided in plans for such buildings as are erected or to be erected by an individual or corporation, who shall move into or occupy any new building (or any other building) without such fire escapes as herein provided, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than one hundred dollars, or imprisoned not more than six months, or both such fine and imprisonment.

7. It shall be the duty of any owner or manager of any tenement house or public hall to keep all such fire escapes and stairways entirely unobstructed during any performance or entertainment or public gathering on such theater or public hall.

8. All hallways and stairways in all hotels, inns, schools, colleges, universities, boarding houses, when used at night, shall be kept lighted at the head and foot of each flight of stairs and at the foot of each flight of stairs. Such lights shall be so placed and arranged as to designate the direction of fire escapes and be so placed as to be visible by red lights. One or more gongs or alarms, capable of being heard throughout the building, shall be provided and remain ready for use in all hotels, apartment houses, factories and workshops and in every sleeping room in case of fire. A notice descriptive of the means of escape shall be posted in every sleeping room, in every hotel, workshop and in every sleeping room of a hotel, and in every such hotel containing one hundred and fifty people or more, or in every public hall, not less than one official watchman shall be kept on duty from ten p. m. until five a. m., during each sleeping night that any such hotel is occupied.

9. Any such person or corporation who shall fail to comply with the requirements of this act, shall be guilty of the receipt of notice in writing, stating the substance of the provisions of this section, from such chief marshals, fire inspectors or fire commissioners, means of escape or such standpipes shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not more than six months, or both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 2. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent with the provisions of this act are repealed in so far as they are inconsistent therewith.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911. Copy Law

CHAPTER [41]. LAWS OF 1911.

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for the making of street improvements as provided in the preceding section, within the time therein specified, and the municipality shall have a valid claim for such amount against said railroad corporation, and may maintain an action therefor in any court of law within this state to recover the same.

Section 1239B-5. Whenever the track of any railroad corporation crosses a street or in part by steam power, shall be laid upon or along any street, alley or public highway within the limits of such railroad corporation, the municipality of such railroad or railroads shall maintain and improve such portion of the length of such street or highway as crosses such tracks; and said railroad corporation shall grade, pave or otherwise improve such street or portion thereof, and shall be liable to the municipality for the amount that the total cost of such improvement shall not exceed three dollars per square foot of such street or highway crossed, and that said railroad corporation shall not be required to pave or improve that portion of said street, alley or highway which is crossed by such different material or in a different manner from that in which the remainder of said street is paved or improved.

Section 1239B-6. 1. When any city or village shall have elected to construct a street, alley or public highway to be paved, graded, curbed or improved, as provided in the preceding section, and the municipality shall be caused to be served upon the local agent of such railroad corporation, a notice setting forth the amount of such improvement to be constructed by said city or village relative to the improvement of such street.

2. If a railroad corporation shall elect to construct said street improvement, it shall within ten days of the receipt of said notice from the clerk of said city or village, cause to be served upon the local agent of such railroad corporation, a notice setting forth the amount of such improvement to be constructed to complete said work, unless said work is ordered after said forty day, and in that case said notice shall be served within ten days from the time the clerk of the municipality presents the notice to the local agent in which to complete said work.

Section 1239B-7. 1. Whenever any city or village shall have elected to construct a street, alley or public highway improved, as provided in section 1239B-5 of the statutes, and notice shall be served upon the local agent of such railroad corporation, a notice setting forth the amount of such improvement to be constructed, or having elected to construct said improvement, shall fail to construct the same within the time specified in section 1239B-5 of the statutes, the city or village shall at once proceed to let a contract for the improvement of such street, alley or highway, and shall be liable to pay for paving, grading or otherwise improving a street, more or less than the amount of such improvement or other improvement actually constructed.

2. In case any railroad corporation shall fail to pay the cost of constructing any pavement or other street improvement as herein provided, the city or village shall have the right to enforce collection of such amount by an action at law, and shall be liable for an action at law provided in section 1239B-4 of the statutes.

Section 1239B-8. This act shall not repeal any existing law, but shall provide a method of compelling railroad corporations to pay its proportionate share of the cost of any public highway improvements in care any city or village shall elect to follow the provisions hereof. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911. Copy Law.

NO. 1676. A. P. Published June 26, 1911.

AN ACT to amend section 3, of chapter 24, of the laws of 1905, relating to a municipal court in the city of Oshkosh. The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do hereby enact and declare:

Section 1. Section 3, of chapter 24, of the laws of 1905, is amended to read: "The municipality of the city of Oshkosh, in and to which is vested with all the powers and jurisdiction of a municipal court, shall have the right to try and determine all civil and criminal actions and proceedings, and jurisdiction of all prosecutions for violations of the ordinances and by-laws of the city of Oshkosh, and also with all the powers and jurisdiction of justices of the peace in said county in civil and criminal actions and proceedings, and power to hear and determine any such case, although the title to land may be in dispute, and shall have the right to exercise such jurisdiction, shall hold the municipal court as courts are held by justices of the peace in said county, and shall have the right to try and determine all civil and criminal actions before the justices of the peace shall apply to said court so far as the same may be applicable, and thereat shall instruct the jury in all cases as in courts of record; appeals from judgments rendered in such court, and similar actions, may be taken to the county court for Winnebago county, in the same manner as appeals from judgments rendered in such court, and similar actions; said judge shall open court each morning, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, and shall, on the first day of, in a summary way, all cases for violations of the ordinances and by-laws of said city, or without process; proceedings therein shall be conducted in the same manner as in courts modified by said judge, and the city attorney shall be the prosecuting officer therein; all proceedings shall be held in the city of Oshkosh, and the city attorney shall be the prosecuting officer therein."

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 24, 1911. Copy Law.

NO. 1677. S. P. Published June 26, 1911.

CHAPTER 46. LAWS OF 1911.

AN ACT to amend sections 161B-41, 161B-42, 161B-43, 161B-44, 161B-45, 161B-46, 161B-47, 161B-48, 161B-49, 161B-50, 161B-51, 161B-52, 161B-53, 161B-54, 161B-55, 161B-56, 161B-57, 161B-58, 161B-59, 161B-60, 161B-61, 161B-62, 161B-63, 161B-64, 161B-65, 161B-66, 161B-67, 161B-68, 161B-69, 161B-70, 161B-71, 161B-72, 161B-73, 161B-74, 161B-75, 161B-76, 161B-77, 161B-78, 161B-79, 161B-80, 161B-81, 161B-82, 161B-83, 161B-84, 161B-85, 161B-86, 161B-87, 161B-88, 161B-89, 161B-90, 161B-91, 161B-92, 161B-93, 161B-94, 161B-95, 161B-96, 161B-97, 161B-98, 161B-99, 161B-100, 161B-101, 161B-102, 161B-103, 161B-104, 161B-105, 161B-106, 161B-107, 161B-108, 161B-109, 161B-110, 161B-111, 161B-112, 161B-113, 161B-114, 161B-115, 161B-116, 161B-117, 161B-118, 161B-119, 161B-120, 161B-121, 161B-122, 161B-123, 161B-124, 161B-125, 161B-126, 161B-127, 161B-128, 161B-129, 161B-130, 161B-131, 161B-132, 161B-133, 161B-134, 161B-135, 161B-136, 161B-137, 161B-138, 161B-139, 161B-140, 161B-141, 161B-142, 161B-143, 161B-144, 161B-145, 161B-146, 161B-147, 161B-148, 161B-149, 161B-150, 161B-151, 161B-152, 161B-153, 161B-154, 161B-155, 161B-156, 161B-157, 161B-158, 161B-159, 161B-160, 161B-161, 161B-162, 161B-163, 161B-164, 161B-165, 161B-166, 161B-167, 161B-168, 161B-169, 161B-170, 161B-171, 161B-172, 161B-173, 161B-174, 161B-175, 161B-176, 161B-177, 161B-178, 161B-179, 161B-180, 161B-181, 161B-182, 161B-183, 161B-184, 161B-185, 161B-186, 161B-187, 161B-188, 161B-189, 161B-190, 161B-191, 161B-192, 161B-193, 161B-194, 161B-195, 161B-196, 161B-197, 161B-198, 161B-199, 161B-200, 161B-201, 161B-202, 161B-203, 161B-204, 161B-205, 161B-206, 161B-207, 161B-208, 161B-209, 161B-210, 161B-211, 161B-212, 161B-213, 161B-214, 161B-215, 161B-216, 161B-217, 161B-218, 161B-219, 161B-220, 161B-221, 161B-222, 161B-223, 161B-224, 161B-225, 161B-226, 161B-227, 161B-228, 161B-229, 161B-230, 161B-231, 161B-232, 161B-233, 161B-234, 161B-235, 161B-236, 161B-237, 161B-238, 161B-239, 161B-240, 161B-241, 161B-242, 161B-243, 161B-244, 161B-245, 161B-246, 161B-247, 161B-248, 161B-249, 161B-250, 161B-251, 161B-252, 161B-253, 161B-254, 161B-255, 161B-256, 161B-257, 161B-258, 161B-259, 161B-260, 161B-261, 161B-262, 161B-263, 161B-264, 161B-265, 161B-266, 161B-267, 161B-268, 161B-269, 161B-270, 161B-271, 161B-272, 161B-273, 161B-274, 161B-275, 161B-276, 161B-277, 161B-278, 161B-279, 161B-280, 161B-281, 161B-282, 161B-283, 161B-284, 161B-285, 161B-286, 161B-287, 161B-288, 161B-289, 161B-290, 161B-291, 161B-292, 161B-293, 161B-294, 161B-295, 161B-296, 161B-297, 161B-298, 161B-299, 161B-300, 161B-301, 161B-302, 161B-303, 161B-304, 161B-305, 161B-306, 161B-307, 161B-308, 161B-309, 161B-310, 161B-311, 161B-312, 161B-313, 161B-314, 161B-315, 161B-316, 161B-317, 161B-318, 161B-319, 161B-320, 161B-321, 161B-322, 161B

as a bakery or confectionery shall be so arranged that rats or odors shall not enter into any room used in the production or storage of food in any bakery or confectionery, and such rooms shall be provided with efficient mechanical means of removing all odors or gases in the room air.

1626—52. 1. All bakeries and confectioneries shall be provided with ample toilet facilities and room for the proper preparation of said foods to enable the workmen employed therein to keep their persons clean and their hands and confectioneries shall also be so equipped with a separate place to enable the workmen to change their clothes and wear clean and proper condition. The walls and ceilings of such rooms used for the manufacture or preparation of food and other products, or for the storage of goods intended to be used in the preparation of such bread or other food products, shall be kept clean and free as often as once in six months, or in less for such whitewashing, walls or ceilings may be washed and scrubbed at least once in six months; and the floors and side walls shall at all times be free from moisture and dirt. The floors, walls, and furniture of such rooms as are used for the manufacture of food and other products and the wagons used for the delivery of said food products shall at all times be kept in sanitary, clean condition. The structure of such rooms shall also be so arranged so that the same can be easily and perfectly cleaned. No room in a bakery or confectionery establishment shall at all times be kept pure and free from dirt, filth, and harmful products.

2. No room in a bakery or confectionery shall be used as a habitation or sleeping place for any person, and confectioneries shall not be used for any purpose except those incidental to the manufacture of bread and other products of such bakery or confectionery establishments.

3. All persons engaged in the manufacture of food products in a bakery or confectionery establishment shall provide themselves with clean and suitable outer garments and wear a suit of washable material, and wear these garments while engaged in the preparation, packing, or handling of food and other products. In bakeries, confectioneries, said garments to be used for that purpose only and to be kept clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects.

4. No food shall be prepared, handled, or cared for in any unclean manner, nor shall any food in any bakery or confectionery establishment be handled by any person wearing filthy clothing, nor by any person afflicted with a contagious disease, or with any insect that are decayed or have been contaminated by exposure to disease or filth, and no person shall have access to such access, or which vermin have partially consumed or devoured, nor goods which have become unclean in any manner shall be used in the preparation of any product of a bakery or confectionery establishment. No person shall employ any person who is engaged in the preparation of food in any bakery or confectionery establishment, or other food product of a bakery or confectionery establishment, shall be exposed in or about such establishment so that the same may be infested with insects or other insects or vermin may settle upon it and while such bread, confectionery, or other food products of a bakery or confectionery establishment are distributed in wagons, carts, baskets, boxes, or other containers of such bakery or confectionery establishments, they shall be well covered and protected from dust, filth, or insects, and shall be distributed in a clean manner while being distributed.

Section 1626—64. No person shall work in a bakery or in about any establishment for the manufacture of food products during the time in which the same is infested with insects or other insects or vermin, or in which such persons may be employed if the local board of health issue a certificate of infestation, and that no contagion or infection would result from the employment of said persons.

Section 2. That section of Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement designated section 1626—65, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—65. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 3. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—66, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—66. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 4. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—67, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—67. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 5. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—68, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—68. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 6. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—69, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—69. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 7. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—70, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—70. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 8. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—71, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—71. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 9. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—72, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—72. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 10. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—73, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—73. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 11. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—74, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—74. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 12. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—75, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—75. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects, and to make such alterations, changes, or additions, and alterations necessary therefore.

Section 13. That section of the statutes designated in Sarnon and Sarnon's Supplement as section 1626—76, is amended and made conformable to the following to read: Section 1626—76. 1. If in the opinion of the commissioner of labor that the provisions of law for the regulation of bakeries and confectionery establishments shall be insufficient to protect either personally or by regulation upon the owner, manager, or officer operating such bakery or confectionery establishment, the commissioner may be taken or such alterations, changes, or additions to be made within thirty days from the date of the certificate required alterations cannot be made with reasonable diligence within thirty days, the commissioner of labor or the board of health may require alterations, changes, or additions such reasonable time as is necessary to make such alterations, changes, or alterations if due diligence is used, such extension of time shall not exceed more than ten days from receipt of notice, however.

2. It shall be the duty of every occupant, whether owner or lessee, of a bakery or confectionery establishment for the manufacture of food products to keep the same clean and free from dirt, filth, and insects

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or chattels for the payment of any taxes he shall receive such fees as are allowed to constables for similar services. The city treasurer shall keep in a book to be provided for that purpose true accounts of all fees by him received as treasurer from any source, and such book shall be open for in-

inspection at all reasonable times, and he shall have on file and make return to the council duly certified on oath, an itemized statement of all fees or other moneys received and paid out by him as treasurer.

Section 3. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Sec-

tion 125-152a. Taxes not paid before February first shall be subject to a penalty of two per cent on the amount of the tax, which penalty shall be collected by the town, city or village treasurer, and paid into the treasury together with the taxes collected.

Section 4. Sections 1279, 1283 and

1110 of the statutes are amended to read: Section 1479. 1. Upon receipt of the certificate of the apportionment from the county clerk said town clerk shall, upon uniform percentage, calculate and set out in one item opposite to each location in the tax roll the amount required to be raised upon

such valuation to realize in his town the whole amount of state, county, school and other taxes so certified, together with such town and other local taxes, except taxes to pay judgments, as are to be levied uniformly upon all the taxable property in the town; and all other taxes, if any, including taxes

2. Under the head of "taxes unpaid for previous year" he shall enter opposite each tract of land so returned to him as aforesaid by the county clerk the year for which such tax remains

unpaid, he shall enter upon said roll a statement showing the several amounts of taxes levied upon said town or any part thereof and for what purpose; provided, in case the board of supervisors of any county shall so order, said town clerk shall calculate and carry out in separate items the several amounts of taxes levied upon said town or any part thereof and for what purpose.

several amounts of taxes as are to be levied uniformly upon all the taxable property of the town in separate columns on such roll, the form of which may be prescribed by such county board.

Section 1053. If the treasurer-elect shall fail to qualify as such or to file his bond with the county treasurer in

in the manner and within the time prescribed, and the board shall fail to appoint a treasurer, or the person so appointed shall so fail to qualify and give such bond and deliver a receipt therefor by the third Monday in December, the clerk shall deliver the tax roll and warrant to the sheriff of the county as

If the same cannot be obtained in the case mentioned in the last preceding section, a new roll and warrant, made as aforesaid, and the sheriff shall execute to the county treasurer a like bond as required of the treasurer, and by himself or deputy shall make like collections and returns and shall un-

less he receives a fixed salary for all services, be entitled to " * * * collect for his services in cities one per cent, and in towns and villages two per cent upon all taxes paid on or before January thirty-first, and on all taxes collected by him after said date, in cities four per cent, and towns and vil-

lages five per cent, said fees to be computed and added to the amounts as specified on the tax roll, and he shall be responsible to the same extent as treasurers appointed by boards, * * * for all taxes so handed over to him for collection; and for the purpose of collecting the same he shall be vested

Section 1110. The town, city or village treasurer shall retain in his hands the amount specified in his warrant, to be paid into the town, city or village treasury, * * * and shall on or before the day specified in his warrant

for paying the money therein directed to be paid to the county treasurer, pay to him the sum so directed to be paid in the manner provided by law; and the town, city or village treasurer shall pay over the full amount of state tax on or before the second Monday of February of each year, though it may

Section 5. All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 6. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved June 23, 1911. Copy LAW.
No. 427, A.] [Published June 23, 1911.
CHAPTER 478, LAWS OF 1911.
AN ACT to create sections 332em-1 to
332em-7, inclusive, of the statutes,
relating to the purchase of stump
pulling machines to be used by the

colleges of agriculture for experimental purposes, and making an appropriation therefor.

The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. There are added to the statutes seven new sections to read:

Section 1122m.—1. The board of regents of the university is authorized to purchase not to exceed two stump-pulling machines. Such machines, when purchased, shall be used under the direction of and by the college of agriculture, for carrying on experimental and demonstration work in clearing

Section 392em-3. Such stump-pulling machines, when not in use on state lands, may be used by and under the direction of the college of agriculture, for experimental purposes in pulling and removing stumps from the lands of private owners.

of private landowners in any town in this state; provided, that no machine hereby authorized to be purchased shall be used to pull or remove stumps from more than ten acres of land of any one private landowner in any one year, and provided, that such stump-pulling machines shall not be moved or transferred into any town for experimental

work upon the land of private owners therein, unless the dean of the college of agriculture shall have first received written requests from at least ten different landowners in such town for the services of such machine.

Section 332em—3. The college of agriculture is authorized to make a road

reasonable charge per acre for the use of such machines in such experimental work on the lands of private owners. In arriving at such reasonable charge there shall be taken into consideration the cost of the machine, the cost of operating and maintaining the same, the depreciation in the value of such

Section 332em-4. The person in charge of each stump-pulling machine shall certify to the dean of the college of agriculture, and to the town clerk of the town in which any lands framed

which dumps have been pulled or removed is located, the number of acres of land upon which such experimental work was done for each private owner in such town, and the charge, computed at the rate per acre ascertained by the college of agriculture, against each land-owner, together with a description

of the land of each owner upon which such work was done. Such clerks shall constitute a lien against such land from which stumps were pulled or removed, and the town clerk shall forthwith file a notice of such lien with the register of deeds in the county where such land is situated.

Section 312m-5. The owner of any lands so improved may pay to the town treasurer the charge against such land with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum, at any time before the first day of October, following the date when such experimental work on such land was completed, and such pay-

If the owner of any such land fails to pay such charge and interest within the time herein prescribed, it shall be the duty of the town clerk of the town within which such land is situated, to annually enter upon the tax roll for his town, as a special tax against each

all the proceeds until another order is received by the Treasury, unless

received by any loan officer, and this act shall be forwarded forthwith to the treasurer of the board of regents, and all such moneys shall be placed by said treasurer in a fund, to be known as the "experimental improvement fund," and moneys in such fund shall

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any order of the court to amend or change local order is governed by any local officer or any local commission for the purpose of amending or changing the same in any manner provided in the statutes, petition for a writ of habeas corpus for a writ of habeas corpus in conflict with the same. The petition shall conform to the provisions of the statutes for a petition for a writ of habeas corpus. The petition shall be heard thereon and the issues shall be heard thereon.

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validity of the proceedings as a whole or to the feasibility or practicality of the application of drainage laws in its district. The court shall enter an order confirming the benefits of the drainage district and of damages in favor of all interested corporations as to which no restraining order has been issued. If a restraining order has been issued, such order has been withdrawn or been heard and determined and no objection has been made to the empowering the commissioners to proceed with the work of construction and all things necessary in connection therewith, the court shall make the drainage statutes provide should do when the second report is made. If no objection or removal is made so soon as any objection or restraining order is made, the time of the entry of the order shall be the time for the entry of a final determination, the court shall make such determination as to the benefits of the drainage district as to which such objection or removal was made or filed.

But the order provided for in this section shall not be made until it shall be satisfied that the plan of drainage provided for in the second report is in accordance with the amendment thereto, is valid, practical, and feasible and will require no substantial change, and that the cost of construction of the drainage district such order will not exceed the assessment of benefits against those who are to be benefited. The plan of benefits and awards of damages is sought to be confirmed by the court.

The intent of this section is to let to the court such power that it is in its discretion, hasten the construction of the drainage district, the work and prevent delay.

This section shall be retroactive and apply to all drainage districts in which such order have been entered before July 1, 1911.

Section 1379-1411. In case any town, village, or city clerk or city assessor certified to him on the roll against the land, easement, or corporation assessed, such assessment shall be placed upon the roll of the town, city, or village for the next or any subsequent year after the order is made. The assessment of lands, easements, and corporations assessed, shall be paid to the town, village, or city clerk or city assessor. Any wrong assessment shall be corrected on the tax roll for the next year or any subsequent year. If no correction is made on the tax roll, the assessment shall be corrected on the tax roll for the next year.

Section 1379-1411. 1. Whenever a drainage district shall have assessed the benefits of the district for special benefits and such assessment has been confirmed by the court, whenever a money judgment shall be rendered against the drainage district, the clerk of the court shall certify the amount of such assessment to the commissioners of the drainage district. The assessment rendered or against which such judgment was rendered, and such commissioners shall be liable to pay the same to the lands and corporations benefited by the drainage district to pay such assessment. The assessment shall be levied and collected at so level shall be levied and collected in the same manner as is provided in the statutes for the levying and collecting of assessments for local construction.

This section shall be retroactive and apply to all drainage districts in which such order have been entered before a drainage district shall have been assessed another drainage district for special benefits or wherein a money judgment shall have been rendered against a drainage district.

Section 1412-1426. 1. It is hereby declared to be unlawful for any person without the written consent of the drainage commissioners, to place any obstruction, such as logs, lumber, brush, stones, earth, or any other obstruction of any kind to the flow of water, which shall be constructed under any drainage law of this state.

Any person or persons violating any provisions of this section shall on conviction thereof be fined not more than one dollar nor more than ten dollars for the first offense and not less than five dollars for each subsequent offense. The costs of prosecution shall in addition be liable in damages to the drainage district and to all persons injured by such obstruction for all damages and injury caused by such obstruction.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved July 3, 1911. Copy Law.

§ 525. A. J. [Published July 6, 1911.]
CHAPTER 542. LAWS OF 1911.
ACT to create section 430e of the statutes, relating to the duties of county and city superintendents of schools.

1. The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. There is added to the statutes, a new section to read: Section 430e. Each county and city shall appoint an officer to receive reports from the Bureau of Labor and Industrial Statistics within ten days after the close of each month commencing with the month of September, and continuing through the month of June in each year, the name of each child residing in the household of the parent or guardian of the child, at the age of three years or under, at the close of the month of the statistics, and the name and postoffice address of the parent or guardian of such child.

Section 2. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved July 2, 1911. Copy Law.

§ 526. A. J. [Published July 6, 1911.]
CHAPTER 543. LAWS OF 1911.
ACT to amend section 430e of the statutes, and to create section 430f of the statutes, fixing a maximum number of children in the graded school departments.

1. The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Section 430e of the statutes, read:

Section 2. There is added to the statutes a new section to read: Section 430f. In all cases where non-resident children are sent to a graded school in a district maintaining a one or two department graded school, or in a district maintaining a district maintaining a one or two department graded school, or in a district maintaining a free high school, the school board or board of education of such district shall fix a fee for each attendance of such child in such school, and such fee in districts maintaining a one or two department graded school, or in a district maintaining a free high school, shall not in any case exceed one dollar and fifty cents per month for attendance of such child in such school. In districts maintaining a state graded school and in districts maintaining a free high school, the fee for attendance of such child shall not exceed one dollar and seventy-five cents per month for attendance of such child at the grades at the state graded school, or at the grades at the free high school. The payment of such fee shall entitle the persons to all the same rights and privileges enjoyed by the resident pupils therein.

2. It shall be the duty of each such district to provide the facilities for such construction will permit, and such attendance will not cause an enrollment in such school to exceed the capacity of the school.

3. In cases where there are children attending school in a district, and the distance from the school house to the home district and transportation is not provided, the distance to be traveled shall be the distance to the nearest school, and there is another school in an adjoining district located at a distance of less than one mile from such home, the children of school age shall be privileged to attend the nearer school, and in such cases the school board of the district in which the child is located is daily authorized by the act to transfer such child to the nearer school district in which such families are located, and where such children attend school the sum per month fixed by the act shall be paid to the district provisions of this act, upon filing with the clerk of the school district where the child is located.

service to be rendered by such subscribers, and every utility company, in conveying or telephonic messages, shall permit a physical connection of connections to be made, and telephone service to be furnished between a telephone system operated by it, and the telephone it is line operated by either such utility, or between a toll line and the telephone system.

that no person shall be appointed to any office, position, or employment under the city, or to any position in any of their respective departments, for which such person is not a citizen of the city, which shall not be religious in character, and shall be set forth in writing and be filed within ten days with the secretary of the city for publication. But any such discharged subordinate shall be given an opportunity to make answer and his

more experts to conduct the examination when requested in writing by an appointing officer. Whenever the board of city commissioners or the officer having a power of appointment shall find advisable in the interests of the city, no qualifications as to race, color or citizenship shall be imposed on the knowledge and ability required in part of the material part as to the subject matter, the business character, the sale:

- (1) As above
- (2) As to race, color or citizenship

1. Where there is a contract to sell specific goods, the goods pass to the contract is made and whether the time of delivery, or the time of payment, is specified.

unconditional sale of goods, the property in the goods is transferred to the buyer when the contract is made, and the seller is bound to deliver the goods to the buyer. The seller is not bound to deliver the goods to the buyer if the goods are not of the quality or quantity specified in the contract. The seller is not bound to deliver the goods to the buyer if the goods are not of the quality or quantity specified in the contract.

for the price, and the buyer must be ready and willing to pay the price in exchange for possession of the goods. Section 1841-42. 1. Whether it is for the buyer to take possession of the goods or for the seller to send them to the buyer is a question depending on each case on the contract, express or

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and departments, including the

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• • • The amount therein levied shall be added to the tax roll by the town clerk.

Section 1216. In all towns • • • the moneys received from highway taxes shall be expended as and when the superiors shall direct.

Section 1219. Every superintendent of highways shall, whenever any part of any public highway in his jurisdiction is closed, or so closed as to be impassable, call out, upon one day's notice, so many of the taxpayers therein as may be necessary to immediately repair such part of said highway in the best order, and every person who shall appear upon such notice, with such animals

Section 1210. If the superintendent shall find that any person is liable to the town for the payment of any taxes, and shall expend in labor, material or money an amount greater than he is assessed to pay as highway taxes, and shall receive from the superintendent a certificate for the amount of such expenditure, such certificate, on application to the board of the town in which such expenditure was made, shall be a good credit on account of any delinquent or subsequent highway tax assessed against such person therein.

Section 1211. For the purpose of performing the duty required by the first section, the board of assessors of the town may, if necessary, levy and assess a highway tax, not exceeding one-fourth the amount assessed for the highway tax, on the real property of the highway tax list for the current year; and such tax shall be collected in the same way and manner as other highway taxes are collected.

Section 1552. * * * All taxes assessed for highway purposes by town boards shall be paid by the town clerk to the town treasurer at the time and in the manner other taxes are paid; the moneys received from such taxes shall be deposited by the town treasurer in the same manner as other moneys. * * * Grants drawn by direction of the supervisors. * * * The pell taxes shall be collected and paid by the town clerk in the manner provided in section 311 of the statutes.

Section 1553. The town clerk * * * shall and the amount * * * of highway taxes to the tax roll of the town and in the same shall be collected by the town clerk. Other town taxes are collected, and when collected shall be paid out by him on the order of the town board. This act shall apply only to towns in counties wherein the county board at any annual meeting shall have adopted a resolution to the effect that all members, determining that this act shall so apply to such county. Such resolution shall be subject to annual resolution by the county board.

Resolved, by the county board of county, that the highway taxes in all the towns of such county shall be hereafter collected in this manner. This resolution shall be in effect until rescinded at any annual meeting of this board.

Section 3. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

No. 1122, A. 1. (Published July 15, 1911.)
CHAPTER 660, LAWS OF 1911.
AN ACT to amend sections 1633-47, 1638-40, 1639-41, and 1639-54, of the statutes, relating to the registration of motor cycles or other similar motor vehicles.
 The people of the State of Wisconsin, Represented in Senate and Assembly, Do enact as follows:
 SECTION 1. Sections 1633-47, 1638-40, 1639-41, 1639-52 and 1639-54 of the statutes, are amended to read: Section 1633-47. Every motor cycle or other similar motor vehicle shall be operated, ridden or driven on any highway of the state, unless the same shall have been registered in accordance with the provisions of this act.
 SECTION 2. Application for such registration shall be made by the owner thereof to the secretary of state upon blanks prepared under his authority, for that purpose, and the same shall be filed and kept in the offices of the county clerks throughout the state.
 SECTION 3. Every application shall contain a statement of the name, place of residence and address of the applicant, and of the make, model and type of the motor cycle or other similar

motor vehicle, including the name of such vehicle, the number, if any, affixed to the vehicle, the make, model, motor power and the amount of such motor power stated in figures of horse power, and with each application shall be paid a registration fee as hereinafter provided.

4. The secretary of state or his duly authorized agent shall then register in the motor vehicle register of the state for that purpose the automobile, motor cycle or other similar motor vehicle described in said application, giving to each such motor vehicle a number of a similar motor vehicle a distinguishing number, and shall thereupon issue to said applicant a certificate of registration of the motor vehicle. He shall retain the name, place of residence and address of the applicant, the registered number assigned, the date of registration, the make, model, type of automobile, motor cycle or other similar motor vehicle so registered. Said certificate of registration shall always be

firmly attached in some accessible place in the automobile, motor cycle or other similar motor vehicle described in the certificate.

5. There shall be paid annually to the secretary of state for the registration of a motor vehicle a fee of one dollar, and for the registration of each motor cycle a fee of two dollars. All registrations shall expire on December 31st of each year.

6. All certificates of registration of motor vehicles heretofore issued shall continue in force until December 31, 1911, and every owner of a motor vehicle so registered shall cause the same to be renewed on the motor vehicle annually in accordance with the provisions of this act.

7. The secretary of state shall issue and deliver to each owner of an automobile so registered • • • two official number plates, of uniform size and shape, with arabic numerals, followed by the letter "W" and the year of issuance, the distinguishing number so assigned to the vehicle, and the word "Wisconsin" on the number plates shall be placed in a conspicuous place on the front and rear of each automobile or other similar motor vehicle, and the other end of such number plates shall be firmly and rigidly fastened and placed in a conspicuous place on the front of the

11. automobiles or other similar motor vehicle, and be so displayed and kept reasonably clean at all times, so that the same can be readily and distinctly seen.

12. The secretary of state shall also issue and deliver to each owner of a motor cycle, an official number plate.

of uniform size and design, which shall be displayed thereon the initial letter of the name of the owner, and signed to such motor cycle, such letter and figures to be at least one and one-half inches square, securely fastened thereto.

3. Upon the sale of such automobile, the owner thereof shall cause the certificate, said certificate of registration and number plate or plates shall be transferred to the new owner of the state, and the new owner shall make application for a certificate of registration and number plate or plates and pay the same in the manner hereinbefore provided.

4. Record of all applications and records of the same shall be kept by the secretary of state at his office, and shall be open to the inspection of all persons during reasonable business hours.

5. Upon satisfactory proof of the loss or destruction of any certificate of registration or number plate or plates, the secretary of state shall issue a duplicate thereof to the owner of such automobile, upon the payment of a similar motor vehicle, upon the payment of a fee not exceeding one dollar to cover the cost of such duplicates.

6. The secretary of state shall on July 1st of each year hereafter transmit to each city and village clerk in this state a list of all registrations in booklet form, of all registrations of automobiles, motor cycles, and other vehicles, together with the names of the owners. Such lists are for general use.

[illegible]

[illegible]

of 1905, special session, as amended by section 2 of chapter 423, laws of 1907, and by section 4 of chapter 104, laws of 1909, is amended to read: Section 1. The secretary of state, in his judgment, the conditions of the general fund will warrant it, with the approval of the governor, is authorized to transfer, after the beginning of each fiscal year until June 30, 1912, and before the collection of the tax provided for the support of the university for such fiscal year, from the general fund to the university fund income, such sum or sums from the general fund to the current expenses of the university, provided that such sum or sums shall not exceed one hundred and fifty thousand dollars for any fiscal year; but immediately upon the collection of such tax for any fiscal year for the support of the university, the secretary of state shall transfer the amount so received from the university fund income to the general fund by a proper transfer.

Section 2. Section 2 of chapter 420 of the laws of 1905 as amended by section 2, chapter 423, laws of 1907, and by section 4 of chapter 104, laws of 1909, is amended to read: Section 2. There is annually appropriated for the period of seven years beginning from July 1st, 1905, the sum of two hundred thousand dollars, and for each of the fiscal years beginning July 1st, 1912, and July 1st, 1913, the sum of three hundred thousand dollars to the university fund income from the general fund of the state out of any moneys and otherwise appropriated to be used for the construction and equipment of the university of the greatest need thereof, of such additional

dollars, for carrying out the purposes of this section.

Section 3. Section 1034-12m of the statutes is amended to read: Section 1034-12m. 1. The reports of the university are directed to carry on, under the supervision of the dean of the college of agriculture, demonstrations and such other extensions and investigations as their funds may deem advisable for the improvement of agricultural knowledge, and to conduct traveling schools, which shall be held in conjunction with the county agricultural training schools, and to provide for the compensation and traveling expenses of instructors in agriculture, whose functions shall be to assist in the improvement of agricultural education and the dissemination of agricultural knowledge.

2. There is annually appropriated for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1910, and ending June 30, 1911, out of any moneys in the state treasury not otherwise appropriated, the sum of thirty thousand dollars, and for the fiscal years ending June 30, 1912, and ending June 30, 1913, the sum of forty thousand dollars, for the purposes of carrying out the provisions of this section.

Section 4. There is annually appropriated for the period of five years commencing with the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1911, the sum of forty-seven thousand dollars to the university fund income from the general fund of the state out of any moneys not otherwise appropriated to be used for the purchase or acquisition by condemnation of two parcels of land; the first now belonging to J. M. Olin, of

3. No plan or plans for any building shall be finally adopted, and no contract or contracts shall be entered into by the university for the construction of any building until such plans and contracts, with complete estimates of the total cost thereof, shall have been submitted to, and in writing approved by the governor of the state, who shall withhold such approval until he shall satisfy himself by a personal examination or by such other means as he may in his discretion adopt, that such building is required for the purpose proposed, and it can and will be erected and fully completed according to such plans and contracts for the sum proposed for the same by the reports out of the appropriation herein made.

4. The board of regents of normal schools is authorized to improve the grounds selected for a site for a normal school in the city of Eau Claire and donated to the state for that purpose by grading and planting trees, and otherwise, if necessary, and shall cause to be prepared full plans and specifications and estimates for building and equipment necessary to properly establish and organize such school, and shall submit the same to the legislature at the beginning of the session of 1912.

5. The board of normal school regents may extend the course of instruction in any normal school so that any course of instruction to which is based upon graduation from an accredited high school or its equivalent may include the substantial equivalent of the instruction given in the first two years of a college course. Such course of instruction shall not be extended further than the substantial equivalent of the instruction given in the first two years of such college course without the consent of the legislature.

make a new registry of electors for such election, and no provision shall be made for the construction of any building until such plans and contracts, with complete estimates of the total cost thereof, shall have been submitted to, and in writing approved by the governor of the state, who shall withhold such approval until he shall satisfy himself by a personal examination or by such other means as he may in his discretion adopt, that such building is required for the purpose proposed, and it can and will be erected and fully completed according to such plans and contracts for the sum proposed for the same by the reports out of the appropriation herein made.

Section 2. Section 41 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 41. On election day the inspectors shall designate two of their number, at the opening of the polls, who shall check the names of every elector voting in such district whose name is on the registry. Any person whose name is not on the registry, but who is a qualified voter therein shall, nevertheless, be entitled to vote at such election upon compliance with the following provisions, and not otherwise, namely: He shall at the time he offers his ballot, deliver to the inspectors his affidavit in which he shall state that he is a resident of the election district in which he offers to vote, naming the same, and that he is entitled to vote therein, that he has resided in said election district for the year preceding said election, and that he is entitled to vote therein, and shall give the street and number of his residence, that he is a citizen of the United States (or has declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States) on the subject of naturalization, that he is twenty-one years of age, that he has resided in the state one year preceding said election.

Section 3. Section 71 of the statutes is amended to read: Section 71. If the person challenged shall refuse to answer fully any questions so as aforesaid put to

him the inspectors shall reject his vote. If the challenge be not withdrawn after the person offering to vote shall have answered such questions, one of the inspectors shall then deliver to him the following oath of affirmation: "You solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that you are twenty-one years of age; that you are a citizen of the United States; * * * that you have resided in this state one year next preceding this election; that you are now a resident of this town or ward or village (as the case may be), and have been for the last ten days; that you have not voted at this election; and that you have not made any bet or wager or become directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager or depending upon the results of this election; and that you are not on any other ground disqualified to vote at this election. If the person challenged shall refuse to take such oath or affirmation his vote shall be rejected; but if he shall then take such oath his vote shall be received, provided that the requirements of law respecting registration, when applicable, have been complied with by such person. Provided that the oath administered to any person of foreign birth prior to December 1st, 1912, who is not a citizen of the United States, and who shall be entitled to vote at this election hereafter, shall be in the following form: "You do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that you are twenty-one years of age; that you are a citizen of the United States (or that you have declared your intention to become a citizen of the

United States) on the subject of naturalization, that he is twenty-one years of age, that you are a citizen of the United States; * * * that you have resided in this state one year next preceding this election; that you are now a resident of this town or ward or village (as the case may be), and have been for the last ten days; that you have not voted at this election; and that you have not made any bet or wager or become directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager or depending upon the results of this election; and that you are not on any other ground disqualified to vote at this election. If the person challenged shall refuse to take such oath or affirmation his vote shall be rejected; but if he shall then take such oath his vote shall be received, provided that the requirements of law respecting registration, when applicable, have been complied with by such person. Provided that the oath administered to any person of foreign birth prior to December 1st, 1912, who is not a citizen of the United States, and who shall be entitled to vote at this election hereafter, shall be in the following form: "You do solemnly swear (or affirm as the case may be) that you are twenty-one years of age; that you are a citizen of the United States (or that you have declared your intention to become a citizen of the

formally to the laws of the United States on the subject of naturalization, that you have resided in this state one year next preceding this election; that you are now a resident of this town or ward or village (as the case may be), and have been for the last ten days; that you have not voted at this election; and that you have not made any bet or wager or become directly or indirectly interested in any bet or wager or depending upon the results of this election; and that you are not on any other ground disqualified to vote at this election.

Section 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

Approved July 11, 1911. Cor. Law.

No. 259, S. 1. [Published July 11, 1911. CHAPTER 623, LAWS OF 1911. AN ACT to repeal subsection 1, 2, and 3 of section 33, and section 44, to amend subsections 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 of section 33, and to create subsections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of section 33 of the statutes; providing separate ballots for general elections and prescribing the forms thereof. The people of the State of Wisconsin, represented in Senate and Assembly, do enact as follows:

Section 1. Subsection 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, and 14 of section 33 of the statutes are hereby repealed.

Section 2. There is added to section 33 of the statutes a new subsection to read: (Section 33.) 1. There shall be printed and provided for use in each precinct at general elections a separate ballot upon which shall be printed the names of all

"A"

OFFICIAL BALLOT

If you desire to vote an entire party ticket for state, congressional, legislative and county offices make a cross (X) or other mark in the circle (O) under the party designation at the head of the ballot. If you desire to vote for particular persons without regard to party, make in the square at the right of the name of the candidate for whom you desire to vote if there, or write any name that you wish to vote for, in the proper place.

Democrat	Prohibition	Republican	Social Democrat	Social Labor	Independent
For Governor— ADOLPH J. SCHMITZ	For Governor— BYRON E. VAN KUREN	For Governor— FRANCIS E. MCGOVERN	For Governor— WILLIAM A. JACOBS		For Governor— FRED G. KREMER Social Labor Party "Nomination Papers"
Lieutenant Governor— HARRY W. BULENS	Lieutenant Governor— CHARLES L. HILL	Lieutenant Governor— THOMAS MORRIS	Lieutenant Governor— HENRY BRUNS		Lieutenant Governor— JOHN HEROLD Social Labor Party "Nomination Papers"
Secretary of State— JOHN M. CALLAHAN	Secretary of State— WILLIAM C. DEAN	Secretary of State— JAMES A. FREAR	Secretary of State— GUSTAV A. HERING		Secretary of State— JOHN VERTHAUER Social Labor Party "Nomination Papers"
State Treasurer— JOHN RINGLE	State Treasurer— GEORGE W. WILSON	State Treasurer— ANDREW H. DAHL	State Treasurer— CHARLES W. SWANSON		State Treasurer— FRED FARCHMIN Social Labor Party "Nomination Papers"
Attorney General— JOHN F. DOHERTY	Attorney General—	Attorney General— LEVI H. BANCROFT	Attorney General— GERRIT T. THORN		
Commissioner of Insurance— JOHN A. HAZELWOOD	Commissioner of Insurance—	Commissioner of Insurance— HERMAN L. EKEEN	Commissioner of Insurance— FRED M. ALTHEN		Commissioner of Insurance— ALBERT WARD Social Labor Party "Nomination Papers"
Member of Congress—2nd District ALBERT G. SCHMEDEMAN	Member of Congress—2nd District	Member of Congress—2nd District JOHN M. NELSON	Member of Congress—2nd District FRANCIS L. COOK		Member of Congress—2nd District J. BURRITT SMITH "Independent" Prohibition
Member of Assembly—1st District GEORGE KRONCRE	Member of Assembly—1st District	Member of Assembly—1st District CORNELIUS A. HARPER	Member of Assembly—1st District WILLIAM F. BOORMAN		Member of Assembly—1st District ELISHA B. ELY "Independent" Prohibition
County Clerk— CLARENCE JORDALEN	County Clerk—	County Clerk— J. ELLSTAD	County Clerk— CARL EDMAN		County Clerk— CARLOS L. THOMSON "Independent" Prohibition
County Treasurer— W. H. SUMMERS	County Treasurer—	County Treasurer— R. W. DAVIS	County Treasurer— R. L. STEFFA		County Treasurer— WILLIAM W. BEWICK "Independent" Prohibition
Sheriff— ANDREW S. BROWN	Sheriff—	Sheriff— I. E. KITTLESON	Sheriff— O. S. KINNERED		Sheriff— JAMES KINNEY "Independent" Prohibition
Coroner— JAMES W. SUMNER	Coroner—	Coroner— M. W. LYNCH	Coroner— FRED REGNELL		Coroner— FRED M. BENNETT "Independent" Prohibition
Clerk of Circuit Court— JOHN J. PECIER	Clerk of Circuit Court—	Clerk of Circuit Court— ARNE C. LERUM	Clerk of Circuit Court— EHL ORNE		Clerk of Circuit Court— PAUL P. SYFESTAD "Independent" Prohibition
District Attorney— EDWARD J. REYNOLDS	District Attorney—	District Attorney— ROBERT A. NELSON	District Attorney— DAVID J. SOPASS		District Attorney— BEN W. REYNOLDS "Independent" Prohibition
Register of Deeds— MICHAEL THINNES	Register of Deeds—	Register of Deeds— JULIUS G. KROKEN	Register of Deeds— HENRY SKIDMORE		Register of Deeds— R. F. ROBINSON "Independent" Prohibition
Surveyor—	Surveyor—	Surveyor— EDWARD H. HINTZ	Surveyor— C. A. SHEPARD		Surveyor—

(Back side of Ballot)

"A"

Official Ballot

FOR

..... Precinct, Ward,
City, (Village or Town) of.....
November, (or other month) 1911.

Ballot Clerks.

I certify that the within ballot was marked by me for an elector incapable under the law of marking his own ballot and as directed by him.

Inspector of Election.

I certify that the within ballot was marked by me for a blind elector, at his request, and as directed by him.

"B"

Official City Ballot

To vote for a person whose name is printed on the ballot, make a cross (X) in the square after the name of the person for whom you desire to vote. To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write his name in the blank space provided for that purpose.

Mayor Vote for one

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John Doe.....

City Clerk Vote for one

John Doe.....
John Doe.....

City Treasurer Vote for one

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John Doe.....

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20.61 Contractor's samples - waste - conversion.
20.65 Emergency purchases.
PRINTING OF THE FIFTH CLASS.
20.66 Newspaper printing.
20.67 Official state paper.
20.67 Publication of general laws.
20.68 Publication of private and local laws.
20.69 Publication of fiscal laws.
20.70 Condensed statement of fiscal condition.
20.71 Printer's copy - supervision - English language - definition of publication.
20.72 Pamphlet laws.
20.73 Reproduction of general laws by other newspapers.
PRINTING OF THE SIXTH CLASS.
20.74 Wisconsin Reports.
20.75 Appointment of supreme court reporter, assistant and additional help.
20.75 Reports and additional help.
20.76 Reports, duties.
20.77 Wisconsin reports - size and description.
CONTRACTS FOR PUBLICATION OF WISCONSIN REPORTS.
20.78 Periods and conditions.
20.79 Advertisement for bids.
20.80 Deposit by bidder - contents of bid.
20.81 Opening and acceptance of bid.
20.82 Contractor's bond - relitigating contract.
DISTRIBUTION OF PUBLIC PRINTING.
20.83 Authority for distribution - accounting.
20.84 Distribution within state, how made.
20.85 Exchanges.
20.86 Definition of "state officers" and "public library" laws, statutes, annotations.
20.87 Distribution, to whom.
20.88 Further distribution.
20.89 Lists and reports to remain public property.
20.90 Inventories, lists of and receipts from distributees in counties, and return of undistributed public printing.
20.91 Inventories by other state officers.
20.92 Future distribution - sales.
AUDIT AND PAYMENT.
20.93 Audit and payment.
20.94 Printing charged to appropriations, when.
20.95 Definition and Classification. The public printing is a printing and binding for which payment is to be made out of the state treasury, together with all necessary material therefor except the cost of the materials, which will be furnished by the state. It is divided into six classes. First, all legislative printing. Second, Wisconsin laws, statutes, annotations, and blue books. Third, Governor's messages, official reports, pamphlets, and publications of the actions of officers and societies, collected state documents, all books not otherwise classified, all printing, except job work, for the state and its various departments and Wisconsin branch of the American academy of sciences, arts, and letters, Wisconsin archeological society, university of Wisconsin, and normal schools and Wisconsin branch of the American institute of criminal law and criminology. Fourth, all job printing and all printing of this class. Fifth, Newspaper publications. Sixth, Supreme court reports. The terms "print" "printing", "printed", "other printed", "printing and delivery", and other similar terms used in this chapter mean and include all binding required to accompany a printing.
20.96 Constitution of Printing Board, State Printers and State Paper. The secretary of state, the state treasurer, and attorney general shall constitute the printing board. State printers, of whom there may be one or more, are the persons who are to be employed in printing, other than newspaper publications and the publication of the decisions of the supreme court. Whenever in this chapter the words "state printer" are used they are intended to designate the person who by contract is required to print the state printing. When considered, The state paper is the newspaper printed at the seat of government which, by the declaration of the legislature, is to be the official paper of the state for newspaper publication of laws, proclamations, legal notices and advertisements.
20.97 Powers and Duties of Printing Board, Clerks. The printing board is empowered and directed to contract with the state to let contracts for public printing and contracts for the purchase of paper in the manner provided in this chapter, to receive and to forward all requests for public printing from parties authorized by law to present them; deliver such orders to the state printer; to issue contracts for any other public printing required by law, except printing of the state printer, and to fix, in direct the manner, form, style, quantity, and method of all public printing, except printing of the first class, and to precisely prescribe the following rules, not inconsistent with law, for the conduct of its business; to keep a record of all the printing of the state of which; to take biennial reports to the governor setting forth the cost of the public printing during the preceding fiscal year, with recommendations for the retrenchments that can be made therein; to change by recorded order any article of printing of the second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth classes from the classification to any other of said three classes, whenever it shall determine that such change would be to the advantage of the state; of all the duties imposed upon it by this chapter. The printing clerk and the assistant printing clerk shall be appointed by the state and the clerk of the printing board for all clerical purposes, the former constituting the secretary of said board and the latter constituting the secretary of said board. The printing clerk shall be paid out of the state treasury additional salaries as follows: The printing clerk three hundred dollars per year. Subject to such restrictions and limitations as the legislature may impose, the secretary may, for and in the name of the printing board, issue to the state printer orders for public printing.
20.98 Proof Readers. The printing board is further empowered in its discretion, to employ one or more proof readers to read and correct all proof sheets in the manner provided by section 999-2 of the statutes, during such periods of time as their services are needed, and for their compensation to be paid out of the state treasury which shall not exceed one hundred twenty-five dollars per year. It shall be the duty of proof readers to examine critically all printer's copy presented to said board for publication, and shall report to the state printer, report to said board all failures to eliminate matter unsuitable for public printing, and all failures to comply with the directions of the printing board, and to correct all statistical tables and make such copy comply with law; to read and correct proof sheets of all printing ordered by the university and normal schools, for the state historical society, for the Wisconsin academy of sciences, arts, and letters, for the Wisconsin archeological society, for the board of commissioners of the geological and natural history survey, for the Wisconsin forestry commission; to require state printers to use, in all cases not otherwise prescribed by law, such style and method of setting as shall be determined by the printing board; to require such spacing of lines and such widths of borders and margins as will insure the largest measure of economy and to perform such other duties as said board may direct.
PRINTING OF THE FIRST CLASS.
Legislative Printing.
20.99 Legislative Directory and Manual. Immediately after the completion of the canvass of the votes at any general election in each even numbered year, the secretary of state shall prepare and deliver to the printing board printer's copy of a legislative directory and manual containing the sections of the statutes, and other matters relating to the work of the legislature, the rules adopted for its government at the last preceding session thereof, and list of members-elect of the next legislature, showing the district represented, the place of residence, the party in occupation, and political affiliation of each. Said board shall immediately order the state printer to print and deliver within one week after receiving the order, five hundred copies printed in nonpareil, pages measuring four and one-half inches by seven inches, on heavy paper, wire stitched, two hundred fifty copies bound in paper and the remainder in American bound paper. Either house may cause the printer to make copies as it seems necessary of legislative directory.

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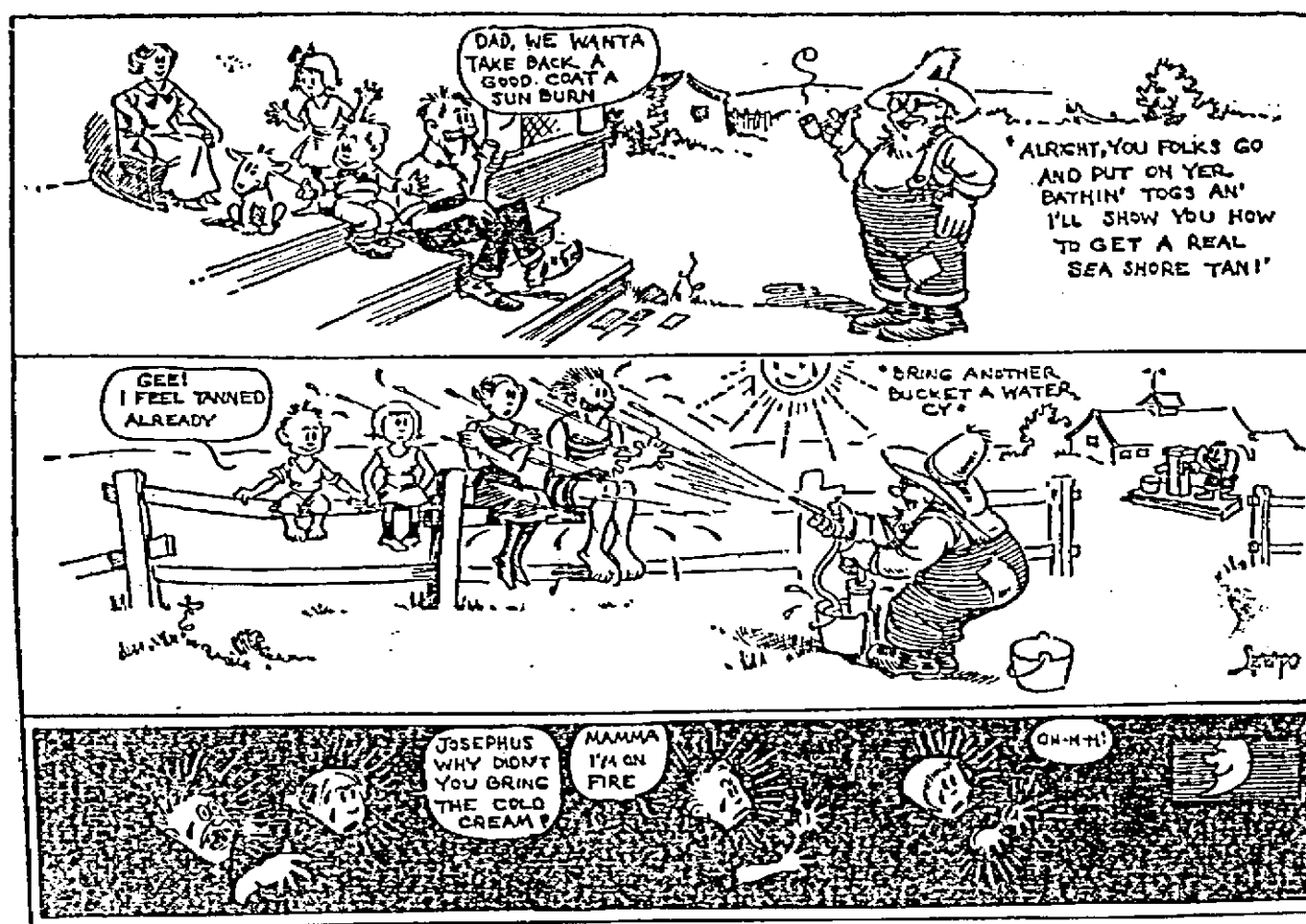
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VACATION JOYS OF THE JOY FAMILY



"A freckle-face boy allus has a cow-flick."

It gives most people a good deal of comfort if they can blame bad health on something. Perhaps they consider that a cleft to the cause is half a cure.

However, this is a story about a John Avenue woman who went to the sea shore for a vacation. When she returned she didn't look any stronger than when she went away. In fact, she said her stay at the seashore hadn't done her any good and most of the time she didn't feel well. She complained about it to one of her friends.

"What caused it, do you think?" the friend asked her.

"Well, half the time there was a buzzing in my ears," was the answer, "so undoubtedly it was the altitude."

"Think of that! Altitude at sea level."

The folks round a Belknap street corner boast of a community dog.

Well, maybe, after all, they don't boast of him. But they have him all right, and make the best of it.

This dog has no owners—he just belongs to the neighborhood in common. He sleeps at one place, eats breakfast at another, plays with the children at yet another, is regularly fed a hambone at a certain house on Tuesdays, runs after stones that a man at still a different house throws for him to chase of evenings, and knows a place where once in a while he can get chicken bones. He is everybody's friend, even the policeman's, and is the most happy-go-lucky, semi-respectable bum that you imagine.

This dog's name is Sport Towler, Fido, Jack, Tip, and several others. In his pure and undefiled democracy he plays no favorites. His heart is big enough to accept everything, everybody.

Therefore, dogcatcher, spare that bark!

Science is Shaved.



"There are microbes in a kiss," says the scientific prof. But the dainty summer miss laughs a hearty, care-free laugh. In the evening by the sea, Fearlessly that maid will spend; Mary thought of risk has she; For six years she's been immune.

Here's an example of Boston baseball English. "Sherwood Mages is a great ball player with his hands and feet, but he only uses his head as a hook upon which to hang his face."

But on one can be a hit in Boston if he doesn't know beans.

Now the busy long-haired rhymster turns our verses by the score; that's because there's words a-plenty he can find to rhyme with shore.

Now why is too so tight, I ask; who'll give the answer, please? In winter time we have a jam and when it's hot a squeeze.

Texas will beat Indiana's production of onions—1,250,000 bushels—this season.

The New York Press says: Some men seem to think that taking home to their wives a magazine they bought to read on the train makes it all up to them for never giving them a cent.

That.

George Potato has been arrested at St. Louis for smiling at girls on the street. Case of potato with too many eyes. Or too much potato masher?

Letter writing began to be an art in 1915 B. C. But did not reach its prime until the Thaw-Balinger-Stokes-Archibald letters appeared.

Frederick Schmeidler of Brooklyn was badly bitten by two rats after the rodents had killed a large cat.

New Clothes Post.

Scientists tell us the fly should be snuffed and so, should this other pest. The gender of this pest is feminine and she is usually the wife of a man who gives up his money palavers. She has plenty to spend and takes time to spend it. If she isn't buying a new piece of furniture for the house she's buying new furniture for herself—namely, shoes, stockings, rows, inside and outside clothes and all sorts of duds. These things she always shows to your wife as soon as they are delivered. The result is the spirit of envy engendered in your happy home and your wife everlasting telling you she positively must have something like Mrs. Inuit has. Two cures: (1) Swat Mrs. Inuit. (2) Divorce.

"Those Two Girls" was what Hammett called their act. There was a hush of expectancy when they came was brought out. In they came, simply dressed, each wearing a long pink sash, singing "The Traveling Man," says the New York Tribune.

And

The New York Sun comes right back with this:

"Such simplicity of dress will excite the envy of Miss Gertrude Hoffmann."

Brand New Date Line Tells You All About New Center of U. S.



MRS. RAY STEVENS.

LETTERS TO CYNTHIA GREY

Dear Miss Grey: I have an ink stain on a delicate lavender sephyr gingham dress, and although I have soaked it in sweet milk the stain is still there. Can you help me?—Subscriber.

At: Soak in sour milk; not in sweet. And if a 24-hour soaking will not do the work, soak until it does. Alcohol will sometimes remove a stain if not too bad.

Dear Miss Grey: I dyed carpet rag in my clothes boiler, and afterwards scrubbed the boiler thoroughly. But when boiling some white clothes in it afterward the stain came off and dyed them various shades of red and pink. They are valuable to me and I cannot afford to lose them. Can you help me?—Mell.

At: Since they are dyed it will be almost impossible to get the color out. Javelle water is probably your only help, but use care, as it is apt to rot the clothes if made too strong. Boil a pound of soda in a gallon of water for 10 minutes, then add a pound of chloride of lime. After the fluid is settled bottle and cork tightly the clear liquid. Soak the clothes in a tub of water in which is a pint of this liquid. If this does not remove the stain put clothes in the boiler of water, add the Javelle water and boil.

Dear Miss Grey: I am in love with a young man, although we are not engaged. He calls on another girl Sunday, Tuesday and Thursday evenings, and I have heard that he has said that if this girl ever gave him up he would leave town. I don't believe he cares for her, for he goes around with other girls. When he comes to see me he expresses his love so sincerely that I must believe him, although my friends think he cares for the other girl instead of me. They say he never comes to see me unless he is intoxicated, and I confess he very often is in that condition. What do you think of it?—E. M. R.

At: If he calls on the other girl regularly, she is the one he cares most for and he is trying to make a fool of you. He certainly has very little respect for you since he calls upon her in such a condition, and I doubt if he has any self respect. How can you love a man of that type? You'll wonder at it yourself some day. The girl who marries him has a world of sorrow ahead of her. Let the other girl have him if she wants one of his type. Confrontation yourself that you're not a fool.

Dear Miss Grey: Please give recipe for pancakes—the kind they call in restaurants a stack of wheat.—Thank You.

At: They are usually made of a prepared wheat flour and the directions come with the flour.

DOCTOR—Your husband has very little pulse today. MRS. RASTUS—Yes, but don't you remember you gave him a shock when you were both yesterday?

Talk to Es Cheap. They're planning penny telephone calls in Chicago.

THINKS MAYBE HER ANCESTORS GUIDE HER IN THE MYSTIC HAREM DANCE

LOS ANGELES, California.—When Ynez de la Guerra gave what she called a "harem dance," everybody in Los Angeles asked where it came from. It cut-Salome! Salome. It was

homes. When a reporter went to Ynez for an explanation, she was in her dressing room, surrounded by a harem. The costume she had worn in the dance hung against the wall.

"I am said to have Moorish blood in me, and I suppose it must be true," she said. "All my life I have loved to dance the oriental dances, and I have never been in a harem. I have been in places that were harems long ago, and somewhere, ages ago I suppose some of my ancestors danced for favor in eastern harems. I suppose that explains."

"Did you conceive the idea of that dance you have just finished in any of the ruined harems in Spain?"

"I do not know; I originated the dance; I may have been subconsciously impressed by the beautiful fountains, the flowers, the arches and the sunshine in Spain."

Tell me, what did your dance mean to you?" she asked earnestly.

"Feeling, fear and sorrow—the life of the odalisque."

"And the sword?" She lifted a beautiful Turkish scimitar from the table near by and handed it to me. "I bought it in an old shop in Paris. Perhaps it has been dyed many times with Christian blood. What did you think of my use of the sword?"

"I thought it suggested your desire to die," she nodded approval.

"The Spanish dances are my favorite; I was never so happy as when I was dancing in the theater in Seville, and seeing bull fights."

"Oh, but the bull fights are beautiful. Not here, of course, not in this climate. But in Spain, with the sun and the gaiety and the white mantillas—oh, it is lovely. But I am sorry for the poor horses, blindfolded to meet death."

"Aren't you sorry for the bull?"

"No-o-o-o; I do not think I am."

"We have—all of us—in our veins the blood of beasts," said the girl. "Who to choose new wives and make new

latter came along and shoved me into the limelight."

Sam is a fine old boy, just the same, and he has a fine family. Mrs. Sam is one of its best members and has been a big help to her husband in turning his 114 acres into money. They have a fine, up-standing boy of 21, named Raymond, who also has a fine wife, and lives at home with the old folks, and helps with the farming. The ladies, by the way, aren't any more puffed up over being the central women of the country than the father is over being the central man.

The three other children of Mr. and Mrs. Wilson were girls and have married and left home.

So long for this time. You'll probably hear from me again before the next decennial census. In the last 12 years I've heard a lot of the old center of population, which used to be 31 miles east of me. I supposed ten years later I'd be left 10 or 15 miles behind.

Sam gave me a message to carry to the outside world and I'm bringing it along. Don't blame me for it.

"What's the odds?" says Sam. "Whether or not I'm the central man of the United States? It won't get me any higher price for my corn and wheat or buy me any automobiles. I'm going right on being a Hoosier farmer, just as I was before the center of population came along and shoved me into the limelight."

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HE HAD IT.



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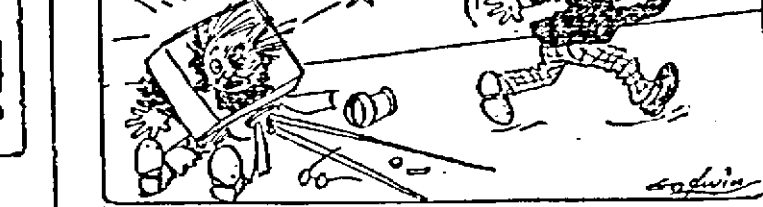
IT DEPENDS.



TEACHER—How old would a person be who was born in 1832? PUPIL—Please teacher, was it a man or a woman?

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Sassy Child Post.



These tests usually come from a household where the mother is too busy playing bridge to mind the children and of course the other folks are always to blame. Another similar test is the child who tells the head in an apron. They want everything as soon as they see it and as your own children want the same thing and are entitled to it (being smarter,

and prettier in every way) trouble usually results. Many neighbors are not on speaking terms because of the children and of course the other folks are always to blame. Another similar test is the child who tells the head in an apron. They want everything as soon as they see it and as your own children want the same thing and are entitled to it (being smarter,

John L. Sullivan is thinking of running for congress.